THE DAILY MEMPHIS AVALANCHE

By Gallaway, Rhea & Cluskey.) MEMPHIS, THURSDAY, OCTOBER 17, 1867. (Volume Nine—Number 244

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

Avalanche Office, in Avalanche Building, 22 Jefferson street.

Apperson & Co., E. M., cotton factors and commission merchants, 228½ Front and 6 Jefferson street.

Attwell & Anderson, commission and forwarding merchants, foot of Jefferson street.

Ætna Fire Insurance Company, of New York, office corner of Jefferson and Front streets.

Beach, Estes & Co., cotton factors and commission merchants, Cooper Block, Monroe street.

Bissell & Co. Jas., wholesale whisky and liquor dealers, 4 Bradley Block, 58 ½ Adams-st.

Bielock & Co., booksellers and stationers, 315 Main street.

Buckley, P., manufacturer of gentlemen's boots and shoes 261 Main street.

Boorn & Co., James T., steamboat agents, 12 Jefferson street.

Bush, J. H., cotton and produce factor, 228 Front street.

Carolina Insurance Company, of Memphis, Tenn., office 264 Main street.

Commercial Hotel, D. Bryson, proprietor, corner Front and Jefferson streets.

Craig & Co., E. G., seed store, 278 Main street, in the Jackson Block.

Cobbins, Gunn & Coover, planing mill and lumber yard, 158, 160 and 162 Washington street.

Connell & Eakin, cotton gin and pickery, foot of Market street.

Cash, J. H., cotton and produce factor, 228 Front street.

Cobbins & Brown, iron founders and machinists, Adams street, near Bayou.

Continental Insurance Company, of New York, office corner of Jefferson and Front streets.

Cunningham, Wicks & Malone, cotton factors and commission merchants, Lee Block, Union street.

Custom & Co., M. C., general auctioneers, 54 Main street.

Christian & Co., J. A., storage for cotton and merchandise, Navy Yard.

Davis, A. F., practical house and sign painter, 38 Union street.

Dougherty, Wm., marble works and marble mantel warerooms, 15 Front street, above Market.

De Soto Bank of Memphis, 20 Madison street.

Dickinson & Bro., J. W., cotton factors and commission merchants, 256 Front street.

Dolgner & Co., J., china, glass and queensware, 41 North Court street.

Dashiell, Hilliard & Co., cotton factors and commission merchants, 230 Front street.

Ætna Insurance Society, office 279 Main street.

Emmet Savings Institution, 6 Madison street.

Fowlkes & Stelley, cotton factors and commission merchants, 12 Union street and 20 Washington.

Finnie, Heckham & Chapman, groceries and family supplies, 36 Main street.

Fitzgerald & Co., H., groceries, produce dealers and commission merchants, 224 Front street.

Forster, Kealhofer & Co., grocers, cotton factors and commission merchants, 209 Main street.

Franklin Insurance and Banking Company, corner of Jefferson and Front streets.

Green & Co., N. S., dealers in whisky, etc., 252 Front street.

Gay, Alden, McCrea & Co., wholesale grocers and cotton factors, 207 Front street.

Hernando Insurance Company, No. 17 Madison street.

Harwood, Larry, steamboat Agent, No. 14 Jefferson street.

Hill, Strange & Co., cotton factors and commission merchants, 14 Monroe street.

Hill & Co., John C., cotton and storage warehouse, Court street.

Hunter, Mrs. M. C., millinery establishment, 289 Main street.

Haynes, Fisher & Co., grocers, cotton factors and commission merchants, 46 Madison street.

Jones, Brown & Co., cotton factors and commission merchants, 256 Front street.

Jobes & Co., G. W., wholesale and retail druggists, 267 Main street.

Jones & Co., J. W. A., cotton factors and general commission merchants, 252 Front street, up stairs.

Johnson & Co., W. J., steamboat agents, Star Wharfboat, foot of Jefferson street.

Keary & Porter, real estate brokers and general agents, No. 2 Kil Williams Block, corner of Madison and Second.

Keller, Dr. J. M., office Jefferson street, Avalanche Editorial Rooms. Residence at General Hospital.

Kramer, L., millinery, etc., Main street, near Jefferson.

Kennedy, Williams & Russell, cotton factors and commission merchants, 259 Front street.

Knickerbocker Life Insurance Company, of New York, office corner of Jefferson and Front streets.

Lamb & Co., R. W., cotton and storage warehouse, Adams street, near Bayou.

Lacey & McGhee, cotton factors and commission merchants, 222 Front street.

Lane & Co., F., cotton factors and commission merchants, corner of Union and Front streets.

Lowry & Co., R., boots and shoe dealers, corner of Main and Union streets.

Lawrence & Carter, general commission and forwarding merchants, 228 Front street.

Lee & Co., A. S., auctioneers, second street, between Union and Gayoso.

Lehmaier & Brother, agents, boot and shoemakers 264 ½ second street.

Lee and Miller, general steamboat agents and forwarders 4 Madison street.

Lowenstein, B., staple and fancy dry goods 261 Main street.

Lowenstine & Brothers, J. H., wholesale and retail dry goods, 261 Main street.

Memphis and Charleston Railroad. Ticket office, Bethel Block, southeast corner Court and Main streets.

Maxwell & Anderson, marble works, 58 Union street.

Mayer & Hagerty, merchant tailor No. 31 Madison street, Memphis, Tenn.

Miles & Stoddard, auctioneers, 271 Main street.

Menken Brothers, staple and fancy dry goods, 261 Main street.

Memphis and Charleston Railroad Office, corner Main and South Court streets.

Mason & Co., cotton factors and general commission merchants, 12 Monroe street.

Mitchell, W. Z., dealer in books and stationery, 24 Jefferson street.

Moon, Robert A., cotton factor and commission merchant, 276 Front street.

Mansfield & Hilsbee, wholesale druggists, 261 and 263 Main street.

Milford, Clement & Co., storage for cotton and merchandise generally, Poplar street, near river.

Memphis and Charleston Railroad, office 278 Main street, corner of Court.

Memphis and Ohio Railroad, office 267½ Main street.

Miller & Leidy, hatters, 259 Main street.

Memphis and St. Louis Packet Company, Fleming Calvert, superintendent.

Mack Brothers & Bohm, wholesale and retail dry goods, 261 Main street.

New Memphis Theater, W. C. Thompson, manager, Jefferson street, below Third.

Neely & Co., J. C., cotton factors and commission merchants, 266 Front street.

Niggen & Hemkins, wholesale and retail druggists, 324 Main street.

Nolan & Lindsay, house and sign painters, glaziers, etc., 57 Jefferson street.

Nathan, Henry, importer and wholesale dealer in wines, liquors, cigars, etc., 32 Jefferson street.

North America Life Insurance Company, of New York John S. Sch ff, general agent, 260 Front street.

Pattee, McGehee & Co., cotton factors and commission merchants, Cooper Block, Monroe street.

Power & McGhee, merchant tailors, 256 Second street.

People's Bank of Tennessee, 12 Madison street.

People's Insurance Company, W. R. Greenlaw, President, 26 Madison street.

Passmore & Co., W. H., General Auctioneers, Vincent Block, Second street.

Perkins, Livingston & Post, cotton gins, presses and plantation machinery, 339 Main street, Memphis, Tenn.

Patrick & Co., J. M., cotton factors, 234 Front street.

Postoffice, corner of Third and Jefferson streets.

Planters' Insurance Company of Tennessee, 272 Front street.

Price & Treadwell, wholesale grocers, Lee Block, Union street.

Rawlings & Co., J. J., cotton factors and commission merchants, 254 Front street.

Robertson & Carter, cotton factors and commission merchants, 12 Union street.

Robinson & Co., Wm. A., founders and machinists, opposite Gayoso House.

Robeson, Sneed & Co., wholesale clothing, 263 Main street.

Ruffin, Pinney & Co., cotton factors, 13 Union street.

Robbins, E. & Bradley, hardware merchants, 222 second street, Adams Block, Memphis, Tenn.

Royster, Trezevant & Co., Auctioneers and Real Estate Agents, Vincent Block, Second street.

Stewart W. L., cotton and commission merchant, 7 Bank alley.

Schabel & Co., J. F., stove dealers, 267 Main street.

Stone, Horace, wholesale boots and shoes, 233 Main street.

Sullivan, Mrs. Sallie, millinery goods, 257 Main street, over Sessel's.

Sessel & Son, A., wholesale and retail dry goods, 259 Main street.

Sample, Mitchell & McCauley, cotton factors and commission merchants, 13 Union street.

Stanley, King & Smith, cotton factors and commission merchants, 271 Front street, up stairs.

St. Louis Mutual Life Insurance Company, McMahon & Otis, agents; office, 42 Madison street.

Smith & Leech, wholesale liquor dealers, 242 Second street.

Sproule & McCown, wholesale and retail clothing 221 Main street.

Swanwick & Co., W. T., lumber dealers, foot of Adams street.

Smith, Owen, undertaker, 253 northeast corner Gayoso and Second streets.

Toof, S. C., Book and Job Printer, No. 12 West Court street.

Taylor, Cole & Co., cotton factors and commission merchants, 11 Monroe street.

Toof, Phillips & Co., cotton factors, grocers and commission merchants, 256 Front street.

Tennessee State Mutual Insurance Company, of Memphis, office 13 Madison street

Thing & Co., cotton factors and commission merchants, 10 Jefferson street.

Tennessee Savings Institution, corner of Court and Main streets.

Tobin, Lynn & Co., cotton factors and grocers, 262 Main street.

Vinsen & Donahoe, steamboat agents, 264 Front street, up stairs.

Verner & Matheny, cotton factors and commission merchants, 250 Front street.

Van Brocklin, auctioneer, 10 Madison street.

Van Yonat, George W., agent Missouri State Lottery, 36 Jefferson street.

Wasson & Co., J. B., wholesale and retail druggists, 324 Main street.

Webb, W. S. & Co., cotton factors and commission merchants, Lee Block, Union street.

Wareham, Ed., news depot, 32 Jefferson street, Avalanche Building.

Worsham House, corner Main and Adams streets. G. B. Galloway, proprietor.

White, Kerr & Rootes, cotton factors, general commission and forwarding merchants, 264 Main street.

Wormeley, Joy & Co., cotton factors and commission merchants, Adams street, below Main.

Williams, J. D., wholesale clothing, 276 Main street.

Wilkinson, Hill & Co., wholesale grocers, cotton factors and commission merchants, 226 Front street.

Wulk & Co., Martin, wholesale grocers, cotton factors and commission merchants, 272 Front street.

THE DAILY AVALANCHE

General Sheridan has been granted two months leave of absence by General Grant.

The President has denied General Sickles' application for a court of inquiry.

Generals Ord and Pope are expected in Washington the last of this week.

A new Catholic church is to be erected at Lebanon, Kentucky.

At the election in Caddo parish, Louisiana, on the 1st instant, the vote for Convention was 2,165 to 313 against it.

Miss Mary Martin, sister of Judge Abram Martin, of Montgomery, Alabama, died in that city on Sunday.

A boy in St. Joseph, Missouri, killed thirty rattlesnakes in one morning recently. He was quite a snakist—a rattler at any rate.

Joe Blackburn's company of mounted militia will be mustered out of the service next week.

Judge Muir, at Louisville, Kentucky, has resigned the judgeship of the Common Pleas Court because of the inadequacy of the salary.

In Pennsylvania it is said the Legislature will stand: Senate, 20 Republicans, 13 Democrats; House, 54 Republicans, 46 Democrats.

At Shreveport, Louisiana, up to noon on the 1st instant, there had been twelve cases of yellow fever, of which two had proved fatal.

Private cable dispatches report the failure of X. N. Rall and E. Campbell & Son, cotton dealers in Liverpool. Their liabilities are estimated at two million dollars in gold.

There are 1,039 convicts in the Illinois penitentiary at Joliet. Five made their escape on the night of the 10th, by sawing two bars in one of the windows.

We learn of the death of Mr. Snodgrass by black vomit in Montgomery, Alabama, on Wednesday morning. He was a printer in the *Mail* office.

The Monroe (Louisiana) *Telegraph* is severe upon the Bureau agent in Jackson parish. It accuses him of stirring up strife between the whites and blacks, and with being the cause of much trouble.

They have a State election in New Jersey in November. How it is likely to go may be judged from the fact that at a city election there was a Democratic gain of 1,600 in Newark.

It is reported that a party of negroes, Saturday night, tore up the track of the South Carolina railroad at Hopkins, near Columbia. The train was thrown from the track and the cars robbed.

The Wilcox (Alabama) *Times* is no more. Mr. Scott, the proprietor, and Mr. Gilbert, of the Wilcox *News*, have linked fortunes, and hereafter will issue a paper called the Wilcox *Vindicator*.

Colonel Bulkley and a portion of the employes of the telegraph company, recently engaged in opening a line through Russian America and Siberia to Russia, have returned to San Francisco.

Messrs. A. J. Williams and Robert McKee have purchased the Selma *Messenger*, and it will hereafter be conducted by these well known gentlemen. It will be an able advocate of Conservative principles.

The death of Rev. Dr. Joseph Cross, which we found announced in the Atlanta *Opinion*, did not occur. His friends will be gratified to learn that he is still in the land of the living, and engaged in his holy calling.

Joe Wharton, colored, was found guilty at Nashville, on the 14th, of having committed rape on a white lady, while he was a slave, and sentenced to ten years in the penitentiary. There is a chance for Brownlow to serve his friend.

Hinton Rowen Helper, of abolition notoriety, is in Washington. He modestly claims that his late efforts against the negro have inaugurated the reaction to which it had been thought the Ohio Democracy had some claims.

The American Bank Note company have decided that the alleged spurious seven-thirty bonds are really counterfeit. It is supposed they were executed in Europe. A Washington correspondent says it is known there that $70,000 worth of coupons of these notes has been redeemed by the Treasury.

The Washington correspondent of the Cincinnati *Enquirer* says a startling proposition is discussed in political circles, viz: That the Legislature of Kentucky will consider the propriety of passing an act making it penal to collect United States taxes in the State until it is represented in the Congress. It emanates from a member elect of the Kentucky Legislature, who was formerly a Senator from Indiana, meaning of course Hon. Jesse D. Bright.

That Radical sheet the Cincinnati *Gazette*, of the 12th, in a leader of a column and more, argues that the process of contracting the currency is ruinous, and advises Congress to check McCulloch in his wild career. The same paper of the same date recapitulates the blunders of the Radicals in relation to the impeachment of the President, and says now the time has passed, and it is better to think no more about it. This is the effect of the physic administered on the 8th.

The Louisville *Courier* says: "President Johnson removed Sheridan from his command at New Orleans, and for this the Radicals talk of impeaching him. If Sheridan had not been removed when he was, most likely Yellow Jack would have got him. So it seems the President probably saved Sheridan's life. This is an act for which plenty of people may think that Johnson deserved impeachment, but we should hardly think the Rads would take that view of the case."

The Cincinnati *Gazette* (Radical) thus describes some of the effects of the late elections upon its party: "The immediate soreness of defeat has led some to lash out in a mad way, and to kick, and scratch, and bite the party without any discrimination; to charge it with blunders which they themselves urged with a hue and cry; to speak disparagingly of its tried and true public men, and generally to act as if defeat had demoralized them, and they had turned upon themselves in their despair." The adder is stinging itself, isn't it?

The special correspondence of the Louisville *Courier*, dated Washington, October 13, says: "As telegraphed yesterday, whenever the Cabinet shall be rearranged it will be extremely Conservative. A number of Democrats from the North and West, some of whom are here by the President's invitation, in an informal meeting, agreed it was impolitic to shoulder any responsibility of Mr. Johnson's administration. It is certain no Democrat who holds paramount fealty to his party, will accept a position in the Cabinet were it protered, which is an improbability."

There appears to be something new on hand in connection with Southern reconstruction. The President has ordered all of the District Commanders to Washington to attend a conference with him, and he did not send his orders through General Grant. No intimation as to the purpose of the conference has yet been given. It may be that there is something important on hand. The unanimity with which the Radicals are preparing to take up Grant as the *dernier resort*, may have had some effect in producing the impression that his acting Secretary of War may follow in the footsteps of Stanton, and should not be trusted, and the President did not send his order through him. As somebody grammatically expressed, "things is a-workin."

The Illinois Democracy.

Last week the Democracy of Madison county, Illinois, held a meeting at Edwardsville, the county seat, to nominate county officers. In nominating candidates for office they took occasion to lay down a platform of principles. It is brief and comprehensive, and is comprised in the three following resolutions:

Resolved, That the present Radical policy in relation to the Southern States, as embodied in the Amended Bayonet bill, is subversive of every principle of free government; that it does, in effect, create an irresponsible military despotism in that section, and lay the foundations of a similar despotism throughout the whole country.

Resolved, That there can be no lasting peace, harmony and prosperity in these States or in the Union, so long as the white citizens who are willing to take the oath of allegiance to the Federal Constitution are disfranchised and made the absolute political inferiors of their former slaves.

Resolved, That, in the words of Stephen A. Douglas, "we hold that this Government was made on the white basis, by white men, for the benefit of white men and their posterity forever, and should be administered by white men, and none other," and therefore we are unalterably opposed to negro suffrage in any way, shape or form.

What more could our people demand or wish for than these plain, unmistakable enunciations of policy? Are they not sufficiently comprensive? Are they not sufficiently patriotic? Do they not awaken an echo in the Southern heart, to thrill it with hope, if not with joy? Is not the roseate dawn drawing near, and is there not the prospect of a brighter day? These are the principles upon which our Northern Democratic friends fought and achieved their victory. He must be a political glutton who would not be satisfied.

Coming Elections.

The following elections are yet to be held. May we not hope that the ball of revolution will still be rolling on, and over the Radical crew? From every appearance there is every prospect of Radical loss in every State, and we respectfully invite the Rads to mark our prediction.

Kansas—November 7—Members of Legislature and amendments to the Constitution.

Maryland—November 5—Constitution.

Massachusetts—November 5—Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Secretary of State, Treasurer, Attorney General, Councillors, and members of General Court.

Minnesota—November 5—Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Secretary of State, Auditor, Treasurer, Attorney General, and members of the Legislature.

New Jersey—November 5—Members of the Legislature.

New York—November 5—Secretary of State, Controller, Treasurer, Attorney General, State Engineer and Surveyor, Canal Commissioner, Inspector of State Prisons, Judges and members of Legislature.

Wisconsin—November 5—Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Secretary of State, Treasurer, Controller, Attorney General, Inspector of Prisons, members of Legislature, and amendment to Constitution.

THE ACTS OF GENERAL SICKLES

Letter to Governor Orr.

The following letter, addressed to Governor Orr, is from a very respectable and intelligent citizen of South Carolina. We commend it to the attention of our readers:

WINNSBORO', S. C., September 27, 1867.

To His Excellency Governor James L. Orr:

SIR: You have addressed an *official* letter to General Sickles, in which you thank him for his administration while ruler of this State. This you do on behalf of those you "represent." My astonishment at your course is only exceeded by my mortification in finding my State so misrepresented by you in your official capacity.

I would ask your attention to the following public acts of General Sickles, and ask whether you consider the author of them worthy of commendation:

Before the act of July created General Sickles military despot of the Carolinas, he, *on his own authority*, enacted—

1. That negroes should sit on juries.
2. That negroes should ride in first class cars and steamboat staterooms.
3. That negroes should vote at all elections.
4. That negroes should be eligible to all offices in the State, including that which you now hold.
5. That no elections should be held except with his imperial permission.

He also committed the following acts:

1. He degraded both the United States flag and the Charleston firemen, by forcing the latter, against their uniform practice before the war, to display and salute the former at a purely civic procession.
2. He refused to obey the habeas corpus writ of the United States Court, a process so sacred to all Englishmen and Americans.
3. He caused Captain McNulty to be tried by a military commission (although the United States Supreme Court had solemnly declared military commissions illegal in time of peace, and fined him heavily for not allowing a negress to crowd herself with the ladies on his boat.
4. He tried two youths of Columbia for assaulting two mischief makers from the North, by military commission, and sentenced them to hard labor in a fort in another State, where, I understand, they are now doing police duty and cooking for negro troops.
5. He removed an honest magistrate in Columbia for not overdoing his duty in the above case; and replaced him, and degraded the office by appointing an ignorant negro.
6. He interfered with our laws generally, and concerning rent, licenses and the administration of justice, thereby almost destroying all credit.
7. He disfranchised naturalized citizens, without any authority from acts of Congress.
8. He disfranchised military officers, against the literal provision of the July act, as interpreted by itself.
9. He slandered one of the purest equity judges of the State, and several of our most respectable and honorable lawyers.

Much eulogy has been lavished by you on General Sickles for order No. 10. Whatever may have been the temporary relief afforded to debtors by this order, all lovers of constitutional liberty have it forced upon their reflection that laws similar have uniformly been pronounced by the Supreme Court of the United States to be unconstitutional; and that a law passed by our Legislature, which by no means interfered with the obligation of contracts to the extent of Order No. 10, was declared by the highest court in the State, by ten Judges against one, to be violative of the Constitution of the United States. Also, that the Attorney General of the United States, in an argument that has not been and cannot be answered, has declared the issuing of this order to be a despotic stretch of unauthorized power. Finally, while temporary relief has been afforded to *debtors*, we have the fact forced upon us that a large class of *creditors*, among whom are numbered many now destitute widows and orphans, have been great sufferers thereby.

In this connection I would ask if you do not know that the application of Order No. 10 to the Federal Courts was an after thought on the part of General Sickles; and that he did allow the process of this court to be freely executed in this State until it occurred to him that this court might, on proper case made, declare the July act unconstitutional, and thus destroy his *super-czaric* power.

I am constrained to characterize your letter as your *second* bid for Radical favor. Your speech in Charleston, when you ungratefully aspersed the Democratic party which gave you prominence, was your first bid. Your letter has furnished the Radical party with a pretext for the prosecution of its nefarious designs for the oppression of the South, that has been seized upon with avidity by its partisan journals. While thus opening a way for your admission into the folds of the Black Republican party, you might at least have spared us the unwarranted calumny of stating that but for the "wisdom, moderation and forbearance" of General Sickles, "a considerable number of troops would have been necessary to preserve public records, and insure the safety of Sheriffs," etc. You well know how law-abiding are the people of the State thus maligned by you, and that the only riotous demonstrations made since the war have been by negroes at places where United States troops were in force.

In conclusion, I must say that your letter represents the sentiments of only a small class of debtors, who prefer their individual well-being to the preservation of the liberties of their country; and that all true South Carolinians feel that General Sickles, while with us, whatever may have been his personal relations to you, not only crushed out the substance of liberty, but likewise destroyed its forms.

Yours, respectfully,
T. W. WOODWARD.

The *Union and Dispatch* of the 15th says: Our reporter informs us that Mr. McElwee's report of the assets of the Tennessee National Bank of Memphis, through which the school children of Tennessee have lost a large part of the school fund, shows the following names against members of the last Legislature: F. S. Richards—Saunders—White, $6,500; Hall (Senator), (Hall, indorser,) $10,000; Wines, $2,300; E. M. Arnell, $2,000. The first item is reported at par; the second is worth $750, and the last, blank. When shall we have a full statement of the connection of the members of the last Legislature with that bank?

BY TELEGRAPH.

WEDNESDAY NOON DISPATCHES.

A Disgraced Federal Officer.

Relief for the Widow of President Lincoln

Yellow Fever Disappearing from Vicksburg.

The Greatest Excitement Prevailing in Italy.

The Garibaldian's Victorious in Two Engagements.

NEW YORK, October 16.—A special says Major Pierce, the officer who recently destroyed a printing office in Camden, Arkansas, for some offensive article published by the editor, has been sentenced by court martial to forfeit his pay for one year, to be disgraced in rank to captain, and to be recommended to general orders.

The recent trouble of the Virginia and Tennessee railroad company with the Government has been settled, and the company will go on with the election of officers.

The proposition to raise a subscription for the benefit of Mrs. Lincoln has received her sanction. About five hundred letters have been addressed to prominent politicians and colored clergymen, calling upon them for donations. A book has also been opened in Mr. Brady's rooms, in Broadway, where her wardrobe is on exhibition. For the same purpose the sum of $25.50 was subscribed yesterday by thirty individuals, in amounts varying from twenty-five cents to fifty dollars.

VICKSBURG, October 16.—No deaths from or new cases of yellow fever have been reported during the twenty-four hours ending at ten o'clock this morning.

FLORENCE, October 15.—The revolutionary bands which entered the Papal States at different points on the eastern and southern frontiers, have concentrated in Frosione, under the leadership of Menotti Garibaldi, in accordance with the directions of his father General Garibaldi. The report that Menotte had been arrested proves without foundation.

Evening.—Exciting news from the south has just been received. A battle has been fought near Verona, in the province of Frosione, between Garibaldian volunteers and Pontifical troops, in which the former were victorious. Strong detachments of Papal reserves were sent from Rome during the latter part of the week, to prevent a junction of the insurgent bodies in Frosione with those under Menotte, who were reported in that province. They were unsuccessful, and were obliged to meet the united forces under Menotte Garibaldi in person. A desperate and sanguinary fight took place on the 13th, in which the Papal troops were badly beaten, losing heavily in killed and wounded. The Garibaldians lost five killed and fifteen wounded. No report is given of the numbers engaged on either side. The news was received with great rejoicing by the people.

PARIS, October 15.—It is reported that if the condition of affairs around Rome should become critical, the Pope would leave the city and take refuge in Bavaria, where he has been offered an asylum.

LONDON, October 15—Evening.—Consols closed rather weak, at 93¾ for money. American securities closed at 53; Illinois Central 77¾; Erie 46¼. A. and G.W. consolidated bonds 21¾.

FRANKFORT, October 15—Evening.—U. S. bonds quoted at 73¾.

LIVERPOOL, October 15—Evening.—The cotton market closed strong, and with a slight advance on all grades. Middling uplands 8¾d; Orleans 8¾d; sales 1,000 bales. Breadstuff market closed quiet. Corn easier, closing at a decline of 6d from two o'clock quotations. New mixed Wisconsin 49s 3d. Wheat steady at 10s for red Western.

Midnight.—The following later dispatch from Italy has been received to-night:

FLORENCE, October 15.—General Garibaldi has sent out another address from Caprera, in which he earnestly calls on the Italian people to arm.

TURIN, October 15.—Menotte has issued a manifesto, in which he exhorts the Italian patriots in Rome to rise and proclaim for the Republic.

FLORENCE, October 15.—Many people here believe that General La Marmora, who is in command of the Papal frontier, will order his troops to cross the line and occupy the Pontifical territory, and possibly march on Rome.

PARIS, October 15.—Great activity prevails in the naval arsenal at Toulon.

HAVANA, October 16.—Advices from Venezuela to the 28th ultimo announce that the Oligarchy had been annihilated. It is feared that a new revolt will occur, and the militia have been organized to resist future revolution. Another strong government has been formed, in which Gertierres occupies the position of Minister of Foreign Affairs.

The following new duties have been imposed: On coffee 4c; on cocoa, 6c.

Advices from Porto Rico to October 2d state that the finances of the island were in a deplorable state.

NEW YORK, October 16—12 m.—Gold opened at 145¾, at 10:30 a.m., and at 11 a.m. declined to 145½, and is now 146¼.

Cotton firm and a shade better, though not quoted higher. Uplands, nominally, 19¾.

Address of the Pennsylvania State Committee.

DEMOCRATIC STATE COMMITTEE ROOMS,
PHILADELPHIA, October 11.

To the Democracy of Pennsylvania:

Victory crowns your efforts, and Pennsylvania is redeemed.

The Keystone proclaims her hatred of despotism, her fealty to the law, her fidelity to the Constitution.

You have elected Judge Sharswood, a representative man, to the Supreme Bench; reversed the majority of last year, and added to the number of your Senators and members of the House of Representatives.

New York and New Jersey will follow where you have led, and the future is your own if you will grasp it.

To your untiring efforts in the work of organization is this result mainly due, and to you belongs the honor of the triumph.

New honors await you, new labors are before you.

You have won the fight for position, let us now prepare for the great battle of the coming year.

Pledging ourselves to the maintenance of a Government of law for the entire Republic, to the preservation of the supremacy of our own race, to the development of our immense resources, to the reform of abuses, corruption and extravagance, and through these to the relief of the taxpayer and the payment of the public debt, let us move resolutely forward.

By order of the Democratic State Committee.

WM. A. WALLACE, Chairman.

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No. 312 Second Street, Corner of Monroe.

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Druggists,
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And all others wanting anything in the Book and Stationery line, are invited to call or send their orders.

Particular attention given to orders by mail. Address BIELOCK & CO.,
315 Main street, Memphis, Tenn.

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BOOKS AND STATIONERY!

No. 24 Jefferson Street.

W. Z. MITCHELL

HAS REMOVED HIS STOCK to No. 24 Jefferson street, near corner Main, where can be found

School and Miscellaneous Books,

Stationery, Paper (Magazines, etc.) at the LOWE CASH PRICES.

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LILLY BROTHERS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

STAPLE & FANCY GROCERIES

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC

WINES, LIQUORS & CIGARS

No. 177 Main Street,

Between Washington & Poplar, MEMPHIS, TENN.

oct1

MISCELLANEOUS.

MANUFACTORY

15 Barclay Street, New York.

A. W. SPROULE & CO.,

No. 70 Fourth Street,

ST. LOUIS.

SPROULE & MANDEVILLE,

Corner of Fourth and Main Sts.,

LOUISVILLE.

SPROULE & M'COWN,

No. 46 St. Charles Street,

NEW ORLEANS.

SPROULE & M'COWN.

Washington Street,

VICKSBURG.

U. S. Hotel WORSHAM HOUSE,

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN

Memphis, : : : : : : : Tennessee.

AND

ARE NOW RECEIVING THEIR

With extensive manufacturing facilities, NO manufacturer's profit to pay, and

Buying Exclusively for Cash,

WE ARE ENABLED TO

OFFER SUPERIOR INDUCEMENTS

To all purchasers of First Class Clothing.

Very Respectfully Yours,

SPROULE & M'COWN,

221 Main Street, Under Worsham House.

oct

Fine Custom Made Clothing

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS

Fall and Winter Stock

COTTON AND COMMISSION

R. W. PRICE, Late of Rankport, Miss. A. R. TREADWELL, Memphis, Tenn.

PRICE & TREADWELL,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

No. 13 Union Street, Lee Block,

Between Main and Front streets, MEMPHIS, TENN.

sept

J. C. PAYNE, H. M. PAYNE,
G. W. HUNTINGTON, W. R. DAMERON

PAYNE, HUNTINGTON & CO.,

Cotton Factors

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No. 52 Union Street, New Orleans.

Represented by General C. M. WILCOX.

D. E. LAWRENCE, Memphis. C. B. CARTER, Late with Halliday Bro., Cairo.

LAWRENCE & CARTER,

General Commission & Forwarding

MERCHANTS,

223 Front Street, Memphis, Tenn.

E. M. APPERSON, O. V. RAMBAUT

E. M. APPERSON & CO.,

Cotton Factors, Grocers

AND

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No. 238 1-2 Front and 6 Jefferson Streets,

MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.

A large supply of Plantation Supplies, Bagging, Rope, Iron Ties, etc., for sale to our customers on the usual terms. sept2

HALLER, FISHER & CO.,

Grocers, Cotton Factors & Commission

MERCHANTS,

No. 40 Madison Street, De Soto Block

MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.

We thank our friends for the liberal patronage heretofore extended us, and will use every exertion to merit a continuance of the same by constant efforts to promote the interest of those who favor us with their business.

Our facilities for handling and selling cotton are equal to any in the city.

We have on hand and will furnish at the lowest market rates Bagging, Rope, Ties and Plantation Supplies generally.

Orders respecting sale of Cotton strictly observed. All Cotton consigned to us insured unless otherwise instructed.

HALLER, FISHER & CO.

Mr. A. Sadler, formerly of De Soto county, Mississippi, is still with us, and will be pleased to see his friends or receive their orders. Also, Mr. F. T. Johnson (formerly with J. H. Wens & Co., Memphis.) sept2

H. FITZGERALD, Memphis. C. C. HILL, Memphis. JOS. T. JEFFERSON, Memphis.

H. FITZGERALD & CO.,

Wholesale Grocers

AND

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

AGENTS FOR THE SALE OF

Cotton Yarns, Sheeting and Osnaburgs, Dupont's Gunpowder and Printing Paper,

374 Front Street. MEMPHIS

Cotton and Produce

FACTOR,

Commission & Forwarding Merchant

No. 226 Front Street, Memphis, Tenn.

ALFRED T. LACEY. R. L. McGHEE.

LACEY & M'GHEE,

222 Front Street, Memphis,

Cotton Factors, Commission Merchants

Dealers in Groceries and Plantation Supplies.

Keep constantly on hand a large stock of Bagging, Rope and Iron Ties, Groceries and Plantation Supplies. sept3

SAMUEL H. RICHARDSON,

(Late of Banks, Hamilton & Co.)

General Commission Merchant,

No. 18 City Buildings,

SOUTH COMMERCIAL STREET,

ST. LOUIS, MO.

Dissolution of Copartnership.

THE partnership of W. L. STEWART & BRO. is this day by mutual consent dissolved, E. D. L. Stewart retiring from the firm because of official duties requiring his entire attention.

The business of the firm will be settled by W. L. Stewart, who will continue the business in his own name.

W. L. STEWART.
September 1, 1867. M. D. L. STEWART.

W. L. STEWART,

COTTON & COMMISSION MERCHANT

No. 2 Bank Alley,

South and Near Madison Street.

MEMPHIS, : : : : : : : : TENNESSEE.

PROMPT attention given to the sale of Cotton and filling orders for customers, and all rates suited to the same.

And not wishing to advise the public of their duties in the premises in advance, will simply promise to exercise his best judgment at the proper time in the management of the business intrusted to him.

Always grateful for patronage, will endeavor to make the same mutually profitable. oct

H. A. PARTEE, Blaywood Co., Tenn. ED. F. McGEHEE, Panola, Miss. R. D. PARTEE, Panola Co., Miss.

PARTEE, McGEHEE & CO.,

COTTON FACTORS

AND

General Commission Merchants,

Cooper Block, Monroe Street,

MEMPHIS, TENN.

LIBERAL ADVANCES MADE ON CONSIGNMENTS

IN referring to our Card as above, we would say that in the future, as in the past, we will give our best attention to the interests of our patrons on all consignments made us. That while our facilities are at least equal to any, THE USUAL CHARGES WILL BE MADE, and we pledge ourselves that the result to the planter on all business intrusted to us, shall be as favorable as from any other house of equal standing, or from parties who may proffer to transact business for less than we feel we can justly and safely afford to do. oct6

To the Cotton Brokers of Memphis.

GENTLEMEN—In furtherance of your wishes to lessen the labor of your office, and cut off correspondence between us, we have the satisfaction to say to you that we have arranged with Mr. Jones, superintendent of the Memphis and Ohio railroad, to place all cotton intended for us in separate cars, and to run the same to our Warehouse, thus saving a drayage to the consignee and also the delay that is now almost daily occurring in the delivery of cotton at the Main street depot, consequent upon the scarcity and inadequate facilities provided there.

An examination of our Warehouse is particularly requested, and parties who may be satisfied with it, and with the arrangement we have made with the railroad, can leave us their names to be forwarded by Mr. Jones to his Agents along the line of the road.

Respectfully,
T. CHRISTIAN & CO.,
Corner Front Row and Market Streets.

ISHAM G. HARRIS,

Commission Merchant,

Liverpool, England.

We will advance two-third the value on all cotton shipped to Governor Harris.

oct6 CUNNINGHAM, WICKS & MALONE.

NORTON, SLAUGHTER & CO.,

Cotton Factors

No. 40 Broad Street, New York.

We will make Liberal Advances on Cotton consigned to the above house.

BRIGGS & NORTON,
308 Front Street.

COTTON AND COMMISSION

ROBERT BLACK, Late Black & Pittman. E. N. ESTES, Late Hooton, Estes & Co.

BLACK, ESTES & CO.,

(Successors to Horton, Estes & Co.,

Cotton Factors & Commission Merchants

Office, 1 and 2 Cooper Block, No. 11 Monroe Street, corner of Crosier Alley,

MEMPHIS, TENN.

Consignments of Cotton, Provisions and Grain solicited. Bagging, Rope and all Supplies furnished at the Lowest Rates. Liberal cash advancements made on Cotton in store or in transit. No unar legitimate rates charged nor all business done. sept

TOOF, PHILLIPS & CO.,

Cotton Factors

AND GENERAL

WHOLESALE GROCERS AND

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

No. 256 Front Street, Memphis.

JNO. S. TOOF. CHAS. J. PHILLIPS. P. M. MAHAN

STRICT attention paid to the storage and sale of COTTON, and instructions regarding same strictly obeyed. Our facilities for the handling of Cotton are unsurpassed, and we invite especial attention to this branch of our business, feeling assured of our ability to give entire satisfaction to all who may favor us with their patronage.

All shipments covered by our Open Policy of Insurance, unless otherwise instructed.

Our stock of BAGGING, ROPE, IRON TIES and PLANTATION S

WANTS.

WANTED—
A WET NURSE.
oct7 Inquire at H. FRANK'S, 90 Exchange street.

WANTED—A gentleman as TUTOR in a private family to consist in a thorough scholar, competent to take charge of the education of male children. Apply to Mrs. E. J. E. WINN, new Raleigh road, three miles from Memphis. oc9

WANTED—A position as BOOK KEEPER by a gentleman of experience. Refer to Editors of AVALANCHE. oc9

SITUATION WANTED—A Lady of Memphis desirous of teaching, either in a public school or a private family a SCHOOL. She can be commanded either in the city or country. The most satisfactory references can be given. Apply at the AVALANCHE office.

WANTED—Agents to sell the CRESCENT SEWING MACHINE. Price $45. Sewing Machine dealers who find it greatly to their interest to send for our terms. Address HASTY & INGRAM, 241 Second street, Memphis

AGENTS WANTED—Ten to twenty dollars a day, to introduce our new patent STAR SHUTTLE SEWING MACHINE. Price $25. Uses two threads, and makes the genuine Lock Stitch. All other low priced machines make the Chain Stitch. Each Agent furnished with a copy of Letters Patent. Exclusive territory given. Send for circulars.
M. M. BEACH & CO.,
294 Second street, Memphis, Tenn.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—A LARGE ROOM, formerly occupied by the County Court, on Third street. Would make an excellent School room.
Also, a suit of two or three Family Rooms, on Third street. Best low. Inquire of
E. W. WICKERSHAM.
oct17 Office Southeast Corner of Third and Jefferson.

FOR RENT—A few COTTAGES of eight rooms, on Poplar street, near Lenlaw. Also, a Two Story Dwelling of eight rooms on Exchange street extended. Apply to A. D. LYON or M. LAMKIN, Attorneys at Law, No. 281 Second street, Jefferson Block. oct7

FOR RENT—The two new houses Nos 80 and 82 Alabama street, next to the corner of Mill street, containing ten rooms and garret, closely connected and center piece on Main floor. Rent moderate to a good tenant. Apply in the rear or premises to GEORGE P. FISHER. Oct7

FOR SALE OR LEASE.

FOR SALE—Or on Hotel BARBER SHOP, with all the elegant and complete FIXTURES belonging to the same. For terms apply to WM. ROSHER,
oct17 Overton Hotel Barber Shop.

FOR SALE—One third interest in Hale's Point, situated on the Mississippi river at the mouth of Obion river, Lauderdale county, Tenn.; contains about three hundred acres, one hundred and fifty acres cleared; cotton gin, cribs, stables, wagon house, dwelling, kitchen and out houses, all in good repair. It is one of the best shipping points between Cairo and Memphis, and is rented for last term of five years, from the 15th day of February last at thirty six hundred ($3600) dollars per annum. I wish to sell one-third interest in the place and lease, and apply to W. P. HUGHS, Dyersburg, Tenn., or to ALEXANDER & PRESCOTT on the premises. oc2

FOR SALE—Part of Lot 19, fronting 22 feet on Chickasaw or Front street, running back 140½ feet to alley, one two story brick house on same. Terms, one half cash, balance 12 twelve months with interest.
STOVALL & FLIPPEN,
oc9 of South Constantine.

FOR SALE—One twelve horse power STATIONARY ENGINE and boiler—nearly new.
LUNN & MALLON,
No. 206 Main street.

STOLEN OR STRAYED.

$25 REWARD—Strayed from the levee a BAY HORSE MULE, about thirteen and a half hands high, five years old, mane roached and tail trimmed close within small twist on hind of it, indian marks on one hip, brand on his left shoulder, shod all round with new shoes. The above reward will be paid on delivery of said mule to Lt. RAY HARMETZ, at U. S. Memphis City Wharfboat, or office corner Main and Madison st. cars. oct3

$25 REWARD—For the return of TWO MULES, strayed or stolen from the premises of the undersigned, corner Main and Mina streets, 11 inst. Both are mare mules; the largest a long tailed, round bodied sorrel, with no old sore cause of by collar on one of her shoulders, past nine years and stiffened up. The small mule is of a light brown or bay color, about six years old, and in good condition, branded "U. S." by and may be impercevptible. The mules or information of them, may be left at my brick yard on Third street, Chelsea.
oc3 O. H. P. PIPPEN.

SPECIAL NOTICES. ETC.

THE Healing Pool and House of Mercy—Howard Association Reports for young men on the crime of solitude and the errors, abuses and diseases which destroy the manly powers, and create impediments to Marriage, with sure means of relief. Sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia. oct8

NOTICE—Notice is hereby given that I will apply for letters of administration on the estate of John W. Haynie, deceased, at the September term of the County Court of Shelby county, Tennessee.
GEORGE W. DAVIS
oc10

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN—I will apply to the County Court of Shelby county, Tennessee, at the November term, 1867, for letters of administration on the estate of J. L. McKinney, deceased.
R. C. CARLTON.
oc3

NOTICE—Notice is hereby given, that I will, at the next October term of the County Court, apply for letters of administration upon the estate of John Klinger, deceased.
J. SELIGMAN.
oc28

THURSDAY : : : : : OCTOBER 17, 1867

It is amusing to see the many hues assumed by the Radical press, to cover the gloom of defeat. Some are like the fellow who up to his chin in water, when he saw the ark floating off on the crest of the flood, told NOAH to go to h—— with his old scow, it was only a slight shower. Others rely upon GRANT to take the wind out of the sails of the jubilant opponents of the Radicals. The Maryland Radical Convention, in very despair threw overboard CHASE, WADE, SUMNER, and all the miserable, petty aspirants, and nominated U. S. GRANT, taking it for granted, perhaps, there might be a prestige in "U. S." The Baltimore *American*, instantly catching the spark, and fanning it into flame, ran up at its mast-head, the name of General U. S. GRANT, subject to the decision of the National (!) Republican (Radical) Convention. This was considered a *coup de grace*, and invincible, although a few weeks only have elapsed since these very scamps would have eliminated him—thrust him out of doors—and now like fawning publicans they are bowing and scraping around him asking "what's *your* will?" The *American* in announcing him, has the following significant language, admitting the disaster that has overwhelmed the Radicals with distress, and caused their knees to shake with more tremors than disturbed BELSHAZZAR, when he read the handwriting on the wall:

The result of the election in Pennsylvania and Ohio may be regarded, politically, in the same light to the Republican party as the second Bull Run was to the cause of the Union. We shortly thereafter called General Grant to command our forces, and he led us to victory. To secure the results of that victory to the loyal men of the nation, the services of General Grant are again required, and when once he takes the field he will "fight it out on that line" to an enduring triumph of the principles of those who fought with him and sustained the cause of the Government throughout the rebellion. The result in Ohio and Pennsylvania proclaims emphatically the necessity of prompt and thorough organization on the part of the Republican party, and the casting aside of all personal preferences with regard to the next Presidency. It is the jealousies growing out of the Presidential succession that have prevented the Fortieth Congress from carrying out the will of the people in removing an unfaithful Executive, and thus giving peace to the country. It is dissatisfied at the want of nerve exhibited by the July session, which has kept fifty thousand Republicans from the polls of Pennsylvania and Ohio. Just so long as there is uncertainty as to who will be the nominee of the Republican party, our representatives in Congress will be paralyzed and fearful of doing their whole duty.

"Help me CASSIUS, or I sink!" O Lordy! GRANT, get us out of this "slough of despond," that's a dear soul! GRANT's popularity, which so recently was derided, is now the sole reliance. How long is it since there was as much dubiety about his political *status* as there was about that of General TAYLOR, when Whigs and Democrats were tugging at him, both irresolute, but each apprehensive of leaving him to the adversary. The *American* admits that "the result in Ohio and Pennsylvania proclaims emphatically the necessity of prompt and thorough organization," and as it indicates concentrated opinion upon General GRANT as the Radical candidate. On the other hand the Chicago *Tribune* affects to regard the "reaction" as a very light visitation. It says:

The Republican party has experienced "reactions" before. This is a very mild and light visitation to that which it endured in 1862. It was struck with a blast in that year, which its opponents claimed would rend it to the bottom, but it quickly righted up, and sailed triumphantly into port.

A light visitation! Ah, but times are changed, and men are changed with them. The war was progressing. The Democrats did not follow up their victory, but supinely permitted the Radicals to present a false issue and declare that it was a rebuke of the President by the people, for not carrying on the war more vigorously. The same dire results might again be enforced by deception and fraud on the one hand, and supineness and inaction on the other. Under the specious cry of "Union and Constitution," the Democrats who could be deceived were seduced into the army. They were given shoulder straps and made to believe they were serving their country! All that is passed now. The specious veil has fallen. The devil has shown his hoofs, horns and tail. The same delusion cannot again be repeated. The ends aimed at so long denied by the blind followers of fanaticism and rascality, under a flimsy cloak of philanthropy covering hypocrisy have been disclosed. They stand patent, and have just been ignored by the Northern people, who will not accept them, themselves, or fetter their Southern brothers with such damnable chains. The Baltimore *American* tries the same game so successfully practiced in 1863-4, and affects to think the great defection of 1867 was in consequence of "the Fortieth Congress not carrying out the will of the people in removing an unfaithful Executive;" thus repeating the cry that the war was not prosecuted with sufficient vigor! There is no war now, although the alarmed Radicals are anxious to keep alive the baleful fires that should have long since died out, and to pounce upon General Grant as their candidate, that they may have all the dazzling influence of military glory! We tell the people of the South, as we have told them, that the Northern Democracy are true to the Union only through and by the Constitution, and they will stand by both together, as they stood firmly on many a hard foughten battlefield, when cohorts of Radicals fled like frightened sheep, or remained at home to listen to the music of their spinning jennies, and did their fighting by proxy of mercenary wretches whose incentive was bounties, and object plunder. "Ah!" says the Chicago *Tribune*, "the so called reaction of this fall is no more to be compared with that of 1862 than a fresh breeze with a hurricane, which prostrates everything in its reach." We shall see. The small shower will prove a flood. Having before them the experience of the past, the Democracy will not be content with what they have achieved, but will pursue their triumphs "till the last armed foe expires." They are in earnest now. In Ohio, they will purge the polls of the negro vote, estimated at 3,000 and complete the revolution in that State. It devolves upon the Legislature to canvass the votes, and that thank heaven, is in the hands of the Democrats, who are governed by constitutional rule, the Constitution of Ohio, as determined by the Supreme Court, restricting suffrage to white people alone, and those who have a preponderance of the white mixture over the negro. Well, these would-be despots may call on GRANT now. What violent efforts they will make in their last opportunity to show their fiendish propensities remains to be seen. They may howl as much as they please, but after the fifth of November, there will be more tremors to be added to their present alarm.

Lotta is playing, with brilliant success, at Louisville.

Mr. Lander is playing Elizabeth at Mozart Hall, Cincinnati. Edwin Booth is playing at the National, in the same city.

Barnum's gorilla turns out a humbug, being a young man of small stature, fantastically dressed, in which a bear skin formed a principal part of the costume.

General Thomas O. Osborne, a crippled soldier, Charles H. Howe, of the firm of Lewis, Howe & Co., and Mr. Allen, the present incumbent, are all candidates for the nomination of the Chicago Republican Convention for County Treasurer.

Henry Kist, Wade Harris and Amos Munson, the men who murdered W. H. French at a prayer meeting, near Warsaw, Indiana, a few weeks ago, escaped from the jail of that place on the 10th instant.

Dr. Benjamin M. Crisler, member elect of the Legislature of Kentucky, from Boone county, died on Saturday, at his residence, near Burlington. This is the second death of a member of the Legislature since the election in August, Dr. J. W. Davidson, of Webster county, having died while on his way from the Hot Springs, Arkansas.

The next Legislature of Ohio will be divided thus: Senate—Democrats, 19; House—Democrats, 57; total, 78. Senate—Republicans, 18; House—Republicans, 48; total, 66. Democratic majority on joint ballot, 10. The Ohio Legislature will say to a certain old Senatorial demagogue, next winter: "Thou art *weighed* in the balance, and found wanting."

The results of the local elections in Connecticut shows large gains for the Democratic party. Many of the strongest Radical towns gave Democratic majorities, and the election of a Democratic Legislature next year is fixed beyond all doubt. The Hartford *Times* sums up the result as follows: "We have received returns from every town in Connecticut that voted last Monday. The result is Democratic towns, 83; Radical towns, 73; Democratic majority, 16. This is the first time in thirteen years that the Democrats have carried a majority of the towns in this State. We have gained over twenty towns this fall."

The distillery of Samuel Workly & Co., in Chicago, was seized, Saturday. It was so constructed as to embrace a secret spring connecting with one of the discharge pipes, upon touching which a prime quality of vinegar issued, while the distillery itself was actually running highwines. It was the custom when the revenue agent called for investigation, to touch the spring and offer vinegar instead of highwines. Quite ingenious that; but to what will not the avaricious and unprincipled resort in search of money. Smuggling is a crime, although it may have elicited sympathy among our people, when we had no excise law.

A most distressing and melancholy casualty occurred at Louisville on Monday evening, resulting in the death of Miss Clara Coriett. The circumstances are thus detailed by the *Courier* of yesterday: "It appears that she came to the city in the morning, in the carriage of her brother-in-law, James Harrison, Esq., to attend a funeral, and it was supposed by the family that she would stay during the night in the city. She started, however, about sunset to return to her home in the country, and went in the street cars to Beargrass, from which point she started to walk to Mr. Harrison's house, about one mile distant. The locomotive passed down the road and then returned, and being deaf she did not hear its approach, and was run over and instantly killed."

The Nashville news of the 15th is thus given in a special dispatch to the Louisville *Courier*: "Governor Brownlow comes out in a card to-morrow, definitely announcing that he will be a candidate for the United States Senate, and also denying that he will go to Europe. His election is certain. In the Senate to-day the resolution recommending General Grant for the Presidency was taken up. Mr. Senter suggested that General Thomas had already been declared the choice by the Radical State Convention. The resolution was referred to a committee, which is equal to killing it in the Legislature, General Thomas is undoubtedly the first choice for President. The injunction against the Metropolitan police bill from going into effect will be withdrawn to-morrow, and the Metropolitan police will be sworn in in a day or two. It has been decided that in both police and fire departments negroes will be liberally represented, although there is as strong a feeling as ever among the Radicals against darky officials."

The acting Commissioner of Indian affairs received the following dispatch from Thomas Murphy, Indian agent, forwarded from Fort Harker on the 12th instant, and dated Medicine Lodge Creek, October, 2, 1867: "I have now been twelve days here among the Indians, and find them all anxious for peace. I have had considerable trouble in getting communication with the Cheyennes, but have succeeded. They promise that no more war parties shall go out, and agree to meet the Commissioners. I can now safely say that the Arapahoes, Cheyennes, Apaches, Kiowas and Camanches will be fully represented at the grand council." Large numbers of them are here now, and others coming in as fast as they can."

What they Mean.

The results of the recent elections have some very palpable meanings.

They mean that ten States, the fairest portion of the republic, shall not be handed over to the domination of brutal, ignorant, and degraded Africans.

They mean that military despotism, wherever it has planted its iron heel, must give way to the rule of civil liberty; that martial satrapy must yield to governments of the people.

They mean that the project of the reconstruction of the South in the interest of a political party to the detriment of the material interests not only of that section, but of the whole country, must be abandoned.

They mean that the reconstruction of the South, upon fair, and just, and constitutional principles, must be speedy, to the end that the public disquiet, which is so injurious to the business of the country, may be composed; and to the further end that the industry and development of that section may be revived, which is so essential to the prosperity of the whole land.

They mean that the extravagant appropriations by Congress, which are swelling the public debt indefinitely, must cease.

They mean that the Congress itself is a rump, and its usurpation intolerable.

They mean that the military establishment, costing hundreds of millions of dollars yearly, and useful only for purposes of oppression, must be cut down, and vast sums thereby saved to the public treasury.

They mean that the frightful corruption, and fraud and theft, and perjury which have seized upon every avenue of the public service, and which are impairing the revenue by hundreds of millions of dollars annually, must cease also.

They mean that taxation must be fairly adjusted and distributed; that, in laying the public burdens, there shall be no favored classes.

They mean that the honest administration must be restored, economy re-established, and taxation lightened.

They mean that the industry of the country at large must not be taxed to furnish bounties to corporate wealth in a section.

They mean in short, that dishonest demagogism must give place to honest statesmanship in the conduct of public affairs.—*Chicago Times.*

BY TELEGRAPH

MIDNIGHT DISPATCHES.

More Removals of Officers in Louisiana.

Yellow Fever Greatly on the Decrease in New Orleans.

Latest News per Atlantic Cable.

The Fenians Planning to Seize the Queen of England.

Arrest of Jim Mace, the Prize Fighter.

NEW ORLEANS.

NEW ORLEANS, October 16.

Special Order No. 162 removes the Sheriff and Clerk of the Fourth Judicial District Court, parish of St. Landry, for being obstacles to reconstruction, and appoints others in their place.

The same order removes the Council of the city of Jefferson, for passing an ordinance for the election of city officers, in violation of Special Order No. 7, current series.

Twenty-eight deaths from yellow fever to-day. At the present rate of decrease it will soon cease to be epidemic.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, October 16.

A special from Washington to the *Post* says: "The Judiciary Committee declared their convictions to-day. A majority favor impeachment, and are confident that the project will receive the approbation of a majority of the members of the House. There is no doubt but the committee will press the subject, at an early day in the session, upon the attention of Congress."

Thomas Lambert has been convicted of arson in the first degree.

The Bonrbon county, Kentucky, case has been sent to the Grand Jury.

The *Post* says the railroad conference of yesterday was quite harmonious, and the accord complete between the grand trunk lines as to rates of business. The project of consolidation and earning was partially discussed, but no result was arrived at. The new administration of the Erie railroad promptly agreed to raise their passenger fares to the scale of other trunk lines, and a revision of the fares with Western roads is expected to give the Central and Erie one hundred and eighty-one per cent. additional to present rates on through business to and from Chicago.

The *Express* says the Bank of Commerce will not pay any of the past due coupons of Missouri bonds, from the fact the instructions received are not regarded as explicit. There is no doubt but that four or five of the coupons will shortly be paid, only holders will have to submit to a few days delay.

The Assistant Treasurer to-day converted $125,000 of June and July seven-thirty notes into five-twenty bonds, and paid off $139,000 of the August notes. The amount of compound notes exchanged for three per cent. certificates is $365,000, and $162,000 was redeemed in currency.

GALVESTON.

GALVESTON, October 16.

The brig Galveston, from Boston, will be in to-day. All right with the exception of the loss of light spars and sails. The steamer General Sedgwick is discharging her cargo. All right thus far.

General Reynolds has ordered the removal of his headquarters to Austin.

LOUISVILLE.

LOUISVILLE, October 16.

River rising slowly, with twenty-seven inches in the canal by the mark.

ST. LOUIS.

ST. LOUIS, October 16.

Resolutions were adopted by the Merchants Exchange yesterday that hereafter all sales made on 'change shall be for cash on delivery.

Weather very warm.

CONCORD.

CONCORD, N. H., October 16.

The Governor and Council yesterday sold all the public lands belonging to the State, about sixty thousand acres, and located in Grafton, Carroll and Coos counties, under an act of the Legislature, for $25,000.

Jeremiah Smith, of Dover, has been appointed to the vacancy on the bench of the Supreme Court.

FOREIGN.

LONDON, October 16.

There are wild rumors that Fenians are planning an attempt to seize the person of the Queen at Balmoral. Although little or no credence was given to the reports, precautionary measures were taken, and the household guard of Balmoral has been doubled.

The Government is in receipt of many dispatches announcing possible plans of the brotherhood.

The dispatches received from Italy this evening are very important. The entire press of Italy, almost without an exception, favor seizing Rome. Strength of party action is increasing hourly. Recent successes have given them new courage. Sharp fights have occurred near Alfiro, as well as at other places. The insurgents have been generally successful. The Pope has called an immediate meeting of the Cardinals.

LONDON, October 15.

Jim Mace, the English pugilist, was arrested in bed in London last night and put under bonds to keep the peace. He was about to engage with the Irish giant, O'Baldwin, for the championship. This, of course, stopped the fight. It is asserted that they will cross to France or Ireland and fight it out. It is thought that Mace sold the fight and meant to be arrested.

PARIS, October 16.

It is reported that Marshal Harvoz, Spanish Prime Minister, has offered to Emperor Napoleon the assistance of Spain in sustaining the temporal power of the Pope.

Emperor Napoleon, accompanied by Empress Eugenia, has arrived at St. Cloud from Biarritz.

SOUTHAMPTON, October 16.

The steamship Germania, which left this port on the 2d instant for New York, lost her screw on the 6th, and was obliged to put back to Falmouth, where she arrived to-day. She will be delayed but a short time.

The Baton Rouge *Advocate*, of the 7th, says some of the physicians there contend that a few mild cases of yellow fever had occurrred in that place, but it had been denied by others. It seems that doctors differ elsewhere, as well as here.

DIED,

On yesterday evening, Mrs. SUE SAUNDERS, wife of J. R. Saunders, deceased.

Her friends and acquaintances are invited to attend her funeral this morning at ten o'clock, from the family residence on Pigeon Roost road, beyond Charleston railroad bridge.

Yesterday morning, the 16th instant, at half-past one o'clock, Mrs. JENNIE DE BAUN, wife of Major De Baun, formerly of New Orleans, but for some time a resident of Memphis.

This most exemplary and amiable lady leaves a fond and devoted husband to mourn her loss. They had seen four little innocents past to "that undiscovered country from whose bourne no traveler returns," and bewailed their loss together. The bereaved and widowed heart has our sincere sympathy in its loneliness. May the blow be as light to him as the trust, most devoted affection, thus suddenly deprived of the loved one, will permit. Stricken down by bilious intermittent fever, in the meridian of life, having passed but thirty-five years and seven months, Mrs De Baun will be deeply regretted by many friends, who will cherish her memory.

AMUSEMENTS.

NEW MEMPHIS THEATER.

Lessee and Manager ..... W. C. THOMPSON
Stage Manager ..... SHIRLEY H. FRANCE
Treasurer ..... C. D. STRINGHAM

Last night but two of the brilliant and accomplished artiste LADY DON.

THURSDAY EVENING, October 17, 1867, will be presented BLACK DOMINO; Camille, Lady Don. To conclude with the beautiful selection of SCOTCH BALLADS.

GREENLAW OPERA HOUSE

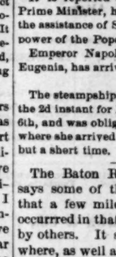
POSITIVELY FIVE NIGHTS ONLY

Commencing Tuesday Evening, October 15.

MARSHALL & DOYLE'S

Mikado Troupe of

JAPANESE



TWENTY-FOUR

Star Performers

MEN,

WOMEN and CHILDREN

In the Most Wonderful Performances of the age.

ADMISSION—Dress Circle and Parquette, $1; Family Circle $50. Doors open at 7. Japanese will appear at 8 o'clock. Grand Family Matinee on Saturday, at 2 p. m.
oct4 E. P. KENDALL, Agent.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

MENKEN BROTHERS

OPENED TO-DAY

CLOTH SACKS,
BALMORAL SKIRTS,
HANDSOME SHAWLS,
WHITE BLANKETS,
FRENCH CHINTZES,
LINEN EMBROID'RIES
FRENCH CORSETS.
BOYS' CASSIMERES,
MILES' SHOES.

And a Splendid Line of Children's and Girls' Tartan Plaid and Fancy Striped Wool Hose.

ALL AT POPULAR PRICES
oct17

Mississippi and Tennessee Railroad.

On and After Thursday, Oct. 17, 1867,

UNTIL further notice, the Train LEAVING Memphis at 10:00 a.m. and the Train ARRIVING at Memphis at 3:45 p.m., will be discontinued.

Passenger Train will arrive at Memphis daily at 3:45 a.m., and leave Memphis daily at 4:00 p.m.

A. S. LIVERMORE,
oct17 General Superintendent.

FLAHERTY & WESCHE,

UNDERTAKERS,

37 Union Street, Memphis, Tennessee,

Old Stand of J. & M. Flaherty.
oct17

The Bluff City

GIFT AND PREMIUM

DISTRIBUTION

IS A LIVE INSTITUTION!

NO WATCHES OR JEWELRY

ARE to be given away, but CASH ONLY will be paid as Gifts and Premiums in this enterprise.

It is not a Scheme for a day or a week, but is established on a solid basis, and designed to continue for years.

IT IS A HOME INSTITUTION

Memphis Enterprise begun it, and Memphis Capital is represented in it; therefore, you should liberally patronize it. Call at Office,

NOS. 23 & 24 JACKSON BLOCK,

And buy your Checks, or purchase them from our authorized Agents throughout the city, and on the railroads.

RUSSELL & CO., Managers.

Distribution Wednesday, October 23, 1867.
oct17

Nurses Wanted.

MALES AND FEMALES. Apply at the Rooms of the Howard Association, No. 312 Main street, up stairs. oc6

Painting.

LESSONS desirous of having their Painting done in a first class manner, would do well by first examining the work done at the Waldran Block, the same having been accomplished by J. F. DAVIS
oct9 39 Union street, between Second and Third.

INTERESTING TO SHIPPERS!

BY recent arrangements entered into by the Memphis and Charleston Railroad, and the several lines comprising the

Great Southern Fast Freight Line,

Via Charleston, S. C., facilities are now offered Merchants and shippers sending Cotton to and receiving Goods from Eastern cities that are unequaled by any competing line.

There is but one transfer between Memphis and Baltimore, Philadelphia or New York, and time as good or quicker than by any other route. Cotton shipped by this route will be delivered in New York in six of seven days at the following rates per bale.

	Compressed.	Uncompressed.
To Charleston	$4 00	$4 60
To Baltimore	5 40	6 05
To Philadelphia	5 85	6 70
To New York	5 90	6 80
To Boston	6 25	7 15

Through Bills of Lading will be given by the Agent of the Memphis and Charleston Railroad, at the Depot, and all necessary information promptly furnished on applicable to

THO. B. LYNN, W. J. ROSS,
General Freight Agent. General Superintendent.
A. J. LOWE, Agent.
oct3

Notice.

HAVING withdrawn from the late firm of ROGERS, MITCHELL & CO., I have accepted a position in the

House of Walker Bros. & Co., 229 Main S. treet,

Where I will be pleased to meet my old friends and cash customers, and assure them the most extensive and complete stock of CLOTH ING AND FURNISHING GOODS heretofore offered, together with a general stock of DRY GOODS, BOOTS, SHOES, etc.
oct1 R. B. MITCHELL, L.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE DISCOVERY OF THE AGE

NO material which has ever been discovered has effected greater benefits in the household economy than

McGILSEY'S MAGIC SOAP.

It is a labor saving invention as well as an invaluable remedy in scurvy, scald head, eruptions of the skin and piles. Dandruff is removed from the head, the nerve whitened and cleansed, pain and jewelry cleaned, stains effectually removed from carpets, furniture, clothes, paint, varnish or marble with the greatest facility and without injury to the material. It is a great saving of time and labor in washing clothes. It is the only article that will wash flannels with the ease of cotton or linen without fulling or shrinking. All these important objects can be effected without injury to the skin or the most delicate fabric. It possesses no detergent quality whatever. The world is challenged to produce a soap which possesses so many valuable properties, and which is so innocuous and safe. It is a home invention, and defies competition in any part of the world. It has become a necessity in Memphis, and its use is rapidly spreading throughout the south, and gradually will extend over the Western States, North and South America, Europe, Asia, Africa and Oceanica. Manufactured solely by G. F. McGIMSEY, Memphis, Tenn and can soon be found at any respectable family grocery or drug store. The proprietor is determined that its manufacture shall keep pace with the rapidly extending demand for its use

FASHIONABLE

Boot and Shoemakers,

LINEHAUER & BRO. Agents.

THIS well known firm is now located at 281½ Second street, between South Court and Madison, opposite the Gilliman Block.

AT RETAIL.

ELSONS AGAIN IN THE FIELD

No. 297 Main Street.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

GLORIOUS NEWS!

WE shall continue the Retail Trade, and shall Defy Competition hereafter as we have heretofore. For this week we offer:

One hundred pieces New Style Dress Goods, from 20 cents to 50 cents per yard.

Linen Table Cloths, from medium to fine, at New York auction prices.

Lupin's French Merinoes, extra wide, only $1 25 per yard.

Ladies' Shoes, a new and complete stock.

All Wool Flannels, from 30 to 50 cents per yard.

Having sold out all our old stock, we offer entirely New Goods

At Prices that Defy Competition.

New Whalebone Corsets only $1 25 each.

Remember, we always have sold the Best Goods at the Low est prices, and intend to sell lower than ever.

Fine Bleached Domestics, from ten cents per yard and upwards.

Calicoes, New Styles, Dark colors, only 15 cents per yard.

All Wool Blankets, low prices.

Coverlids, large size only $1 50.

Towels, Napkins, etc., at auction prices.

Be sure and buy your Dry Goods at the Lowest Prices.

Quick Sales and Ready Cash.

We have some few job lots which we offer to country dealers at great bargains.

ELSONS' MAMMOTH CHEAP STORE,
297 Main Street oct3

MRS. SULLIVAN,

Late of L. Hamer's,

HAS OPENED THE FINEST STOCK OF

MILLINERY GOODS

IN THE CITY.

At No. 237 1-2 Main Street, over Seessel's.

☞ Her Lady friends are invited. oct6

A RARE OPPORTUNITY

Drug Store for Sale

A RARE opportunity to purchase a Drug Store, most eligibly located, and doing a splendid remunerative business, is now offered by the owner, who is compelled to move to New York, and who will dispose of the same, together with its present appointments, upon the most favorable terms. If early application be made

A Large Bargain may be Obtained.

Its fixtures and appointments for retail business are unsurpassed.

☞ Refer to R. C. WINTERSMITH for particulars, who will take pleasure in showing the same and making known the terms. He can be found at No. 32 Madison street. oct9

MADAME CAPRELLE,

THE

Celebrated Natural Clairvoyant

AND

SPIRITUAL PHYSICIAN,

ON her return from Europe to New Orleans, where she has resided for many years and established a most enviable reputation, and been honored with the confidence of thousands of the first ladies and gentlemen of the South, has arrived in this city, and shall be pleased to see all who would test her powers of clairvoyance and spirit Vision, at her reception rooms, Nos. 16 and 17 Worsham House. oc3

Western & Virginia Tobacco Agency.

MAYER, MARSHUETZ & CO.

IMPORTERS and Wholesale Dealers in Segars, Tobacco, Pipes, and the largest stock of Smokers' Articles in the South, CORNER SECOND AND JEFFERSON STREETS, Jefferson Block, Memphis, Tenn. Orders promptly filled. oct2

SHANE, BELL & CO.,

Cotton and Tobacco Factors

General Commission

AND

FORWARDING MERCHANTS,

254 Front Street, Memphis, Tenn.

☞ Liberal Advances made on Produce in Store. Strict attention paid to filling orders.

Gen. T. H. BELL, R. F. HERRON, J. A. SHANE, Dr. A. HARRIS

HARRIS, MILLER & CO.,

No. 102 West Second Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.
oct2

C. C. PARTEE, R. FRANK HARBERT,
Late Vernon, Parties & Clay. Memphis, Tenn.

PARTEE & HARBERT,

COTTON AND TOBACCO FACTORS,

AND

General Commission Merchants,

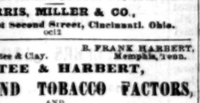
14 Monroe Street, between Main and Front,

MEMPHIS, TENN.

☞ Cash Advances made on Consignments. Bagging, Rope and Supplies furnished. oct16w

OWEN SMITH,

UNDERTAKER,



DEALER IN METALLIC CASES AND CASKETS

And Manufacturers of

WOODEN AND ROSEWOOD COFFINS

Of all Kinds.

No. 368 Northeast corner Gayoso and Second Streets,

MEMPHIS, Tenn.

☞ All orders for Undertaking promptly attended to

Changing Business.

IN order to give our whole attention to the COTTON AND COMMISSION BUSINESS, we have determined to dispose of, and now offer for sale, our stock of Groceries, Liquors, Provisions, Plantation supplies, &c., contained in store No. 346 Front street, (Manly Block,) also the Fixtures and Lease. This is a rare opportunity for any one wishing to go into business. The No. 1 of goods is fresh and well assorted, and the location and storeroom the best in the city. For terms, etc., apply to FOSTER, GWYN & CO.
oct3 346 Front street, Memphis.

Removal.

ON THE FIRST OF NOVEMBER I shall change my place of business

To No. 220 Main Street,

The premises lately occupied by Greenwald & Labe, and up to that time will sell my recently purchased stock of

Dry Goods at a Tremendous Sacrifice

They must be sold, and under the circumstances I will sell at prices far below any other house in the city. Respectfully to the the public to inspect my stock, and convince themselves that it is new, select and at great bargains.

E. G. PAYNE,
oct3 No. 220 Main Street.

THE COURT RECESS,

No. 337 Second street, next door to the Greenlaw Opera House.

LUNCH from 10 to 12. Best of Wines, Liquors and Cigars on sale. oct1

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

W. L. HILL, STRANGE & CO.,

Cotton Factors

AND

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

DEALERS IN BAGGING, TIES

And Plantation Supplies Generally,

No. 14 Monroe Street, Memphis.

☞ Liberal advances made on consignments to DICKMAN, HILL & CO., New Orleans.

AUCTION.

UNDERWRITERS' SALE

OF

SEASONABLE DRY GOODS.

WE will sell at our Salesroom, at the o'clock, on THURSDAY MORNING, October 17, a large lot of WET DRY GOODS, from the wreck of a barge. The lot consist of Domestics, Blankets, Dress Goods, Clothing, Ticking, etc., consigned to us from J. G. Lonsdale, Esq., President of the Board of Underwriters, for sale on account of whom it may concern.

☞ Goods open to-day for inspection.

ROYSTER, TREZEVANT & CO.,
oct16 Auctioneers.

Suburban Residence

AT PUBLIC SALE.

WE will sell to the highest bidder, ON THURSDAY, October 31, at 12 o'clock, at our Salesroom, No. 278 Second street, the pleasant suburban Residence occupied by Charles Mosby, Esq., just south of Union avenue, in the desirable neighborhood of Rev. Mr. Young, Mr. Estes, Mr. Harris and others, three miles east of the city.

The place contains about four acres, with a good dwelling for a small family; fine water, and an orchard of finest fruit, apples, peaches, pea s, etc.

The owner is determined to sell WITHOUT RESERVE, and upon easy terms, to-wit: $1 00 each, and the balance on one and two years with interest.

ROYSTER, TREZEVANT & Co.
oct15 Auctioneers.

At Auction to Pay Charges.

ON FRIDAY, the 18th instant, at the Salesrooms of W. H. PASSMORE & CO., will be sold:

Two barrels AURORA OIL, two boxes sundries, supposed to contain LAMP CHIMNEYS.

The above property is addressed to DeWitt & Co., Memphis Tenn., and to be sold on account of the southern Express Company. oct18

GREAT BANKRUPT SALE

OF

Standard and Miscellaneous Books

AT W. H. PASSMORE & CO.'S Auction Room,

No. 266 Second Street.

At Auction Thursday Night, Oct. 10,

And every night until the stock is disposed of, and at retail during the day.

THE stock consists of all kinds of English and American Standard and Miscellaneous

Books, Bibles, Prayer Books,
Photograph Albums, Late Publications,
Novels, Portfolios, Blank Books, Etc.,
Letter, Note and Cap Paper,

And will be closed out at a Great Sacrifice.

Now is the time for the people to fill their Libraries with choice Literature at prices much lower than ever offered before. Ladies and gentlemen are invited to call early and make their selections while the stock is complete.

W. H. PASSMORE & CO.'S Auction Room,

No. 266 Second Street, Memphis, Tenn.

Sale will commence at 7:30 p.m.
oct16

Public Sale

OF

300 ACRES SUBURBAN LAND

ON TEN YEARS' CREDIT.

I PROPOSE to sell at public sale, to the highest bidder on THURSDAY, the 21st day of November, 1867, about three hundred acres Field and Forest Land, on my Homestead Tract, situated three miles east of Memphis, at the head of Union avenue, and lying between Central avenue and the old State Line road. The most popular street pavements being now in process of construction in Memphis, steel tramway or street railways on the roads leading from the city directly through this property, must soon follow, thereby affording the most reasonable possibility of its great and rapid enhancement in value.

In stating the advantages of this property, I would specially refer to the HEALTH of the locality as having been always considered equal if not superior to that of any portion of the city environs; while the high character of the neighborhood, and the provisions made for CHURCH AND SCHOOL FACILITIES, combine to render it one of the most desirable possible suburban residence within the vicinity of Memphis affords.

The TITLE to the property has been vested in my father and myself for thirty years without interruption and is free from any incumbrance.

THE SUBDIVISION OF THE GROUNDS will be in lots of about Five Acres, according to plats to be seen at the office of the Auctioneers (the avenues will be opened and the lots numbered so as to be readily examined before the day of sale.

BEING DETERMINED TO SELL, I shall offer the following liberal

TERMS:

One-tenth Cash, the balance in TEN ANNUAL INSTALMENTS, with interest from date. Warranty Deeds given, and Trust Deeds taken, waiving redemption. These terms will make it very easy for any one to secure a pleasant Home, which must constantly increase in value and comfort, as the growth of Memphis continues.

N. M. TREZEVANT.
ROYSTER, TREZEVANT & CO., Auctioneers. oct7

Auction Sales by Miles & Stoddard.

SALES EVERY DAY at ten o'clock. Special attention given to sales at residences. We solicit sales for Underwriters, Administrators, Trustees, and in all cases guarantee prompt returns.

Our references are what we have done for our patrons.

A. M. STODDARD,
Formerly with W. E. Ramsdore & Co., Auctione

THE DAILY AVALANCHE

THURSDAY, : : : : OCTOBER 17, 1867

Arrival and Departure of Trains.

MEMPHIS AND CHARLESTON RAILROAD.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
Through Express Daily	10:30 P.M.	6:00 A.M.
Memphis Accommodation Daily, (Sun-	7:45 A.M.	3:40 P.M.

Ticket office on Main, corner of south Court street.

MISSISSIPPI AND TENNESSEE RAILROAD.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
New Orleans Express	3:45 P.M.	4:00 P.M.
Way Freight	6:00 P.M.	6:30 A.M.
Freight daily, except Sunday	3:00 P.M.	9:00 A.M.

MEMPHIS AND LOUISVILLE RAILROAD.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
Day Express	10:45 A.M.	4:30 P.M.
Night Express	5:30 P.M.	11:00 P.M.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—Our city patrons are requested not to pay any one for subscriptions to the AVALANCHE without a certificate from the office authorizing them to collect.

GALLAWAY, REEA & CLUSKEY.

C. Canning Smith, Esq., has been appointed by Judge Trigg a United States Commissioner.

MUNICIPAL COURT.—Adjourned on yesterday to the 28th October, 1867.

CRIMINAL COURT.—Stands adjourned to the 28th October, 1867. Jurors summoned will attend on that day, or forfeitures will be taken against them.

The LAW Court has been adjourned until the 28th of October, and the Chancery Court until the 4th of November.

Driscoll, arrested on a charge of assault with intent to kill G. S. Shuka, will be brought before Esquire Miller to-day for trial.

An inquest was held yesterday on the body of an infant found dead on Shelby street. The verdict did not sustain the suspicion of foul play, but reported the child a stillborn.

COMMITTED.—Phil. Austin, the negro who was arrested for robbing the till of R. Clark, on Poplar street, was brought before Esquire Miller, yesterday, and sent up to the Criminal Court.

RECOVERED.—A quantity of goods, stolen the morning of the recent fire, were recovered last evening by the detectives. We did not learn in whose custody they were found, or who has a claim upon them.

A PUBLIC NUISANCE.—Is there any body to blame for the condition of the south gutter of the alley between Adams and Washington streets, that empties into Second street? We make the inquiry.

Judge Thomas G. Smith, of the Common Law Court, is ill in Haywood county, a few miles from Brownsville. A rumor prevailed on the streets, yesterday morning that he was dead, but a dispatch to his brother Chancellor Smith, announced that he was much better.

The Finance Committee of the Board of Aldermen have under advisement the proposition to carry to the Supreme Court at Washington, the injunction restraining the city from subscribing $250,000 to the Gayoso Gas company, granted by the United States Court here.

OFFICIAL MORTUARY REPORT.—For twenty-four hours ending at five p.m., October 16, there have been seven interments from yellow fever. Thirty-five new cases reported for twenty-four hours.

W. E. ROGERS, M. D.
Sec'y Board of Health.

Ed. Worsham, 22 Jefferson street, received, by last night's mail, Chimney Corner, Police News, Madame Demorest's Fashion Book for November, Godey's Lady's Book for November, St. Louis, Cincinnati, Chicago and Louisville dailies, stationery and blank books, which Ed. sells cheaper than anybody can. Go to Colonel Ed. to get your reading matter.

MORRIS, LEA & CO.—We call attention to the advertisement, in another column, of the firm of Morris, Lea & Co., cotton factors, grocers and commission merchants, 225 Second street. These gentlemen have just moved to their present location, and are now prepared to fill all orders intrusted to them. Give them a call or send your orders.

DEATH OF MRS. SANDERS.—We learned at a late hour last night of the death of this most estimable lady, widow of the distinguished artist, whose decease we recorded only a few days ago. The separation of two devoted hearts has not been long, and she was not destined to wear the weeds that must have wrung her heart with melancholy memories.

MILLIKEN DISCHARGED.—We make room for the opinion of Judge Trigg in this strongly contested case, and the brief of General Wallace, which cover all the material points, without the necessity of recapitulation. It will be received with general gratulation that the young man, so long harrassed by military officiousness and determination, has received his discharge.

A GRAND ENTERPRISE.—Messrs. Russell & Co., are now selling tickets for a lottery, in which all the prizes drawn are to be "cash." No jewelry, sewing machines, etc., but genuine cash. Their first drawing comes off on the 31st of October. Tickets are being rapidly disposed of, and those who expect to have a chance in the first drawing should make haste to purchase tickets. Call at their rooms, Nos. 23 and 24 Jackson block, and get your tickets right away.

NEW MEMPHIS THEATER.—Don Cæzar Bazan was well put upon the stage last evening, and the dashing, valiant Don had a most vivacious and graceful representation in Lady Don, who sang the music charmingly. The duett with the King was captivating sung. The page of Miss Fanny Pierson and the Maritana of Miss Allen were also acceptable. This evening, the pleasing comedy of the Black Domino will be presented, with Lady Don as Camille. During the evening this exquisite vocalist will favor the audience with a number of the most beautiful Scotch ballads.

RETURNED.—We had the pleasure of seeing our friend John McCormack, Esq., who has just returned from the Hot Springs, Arkansas, where his health was greatly improved. A slight touch of the chills, however, induced his return to the city His many friends will be gratified to learn of his improved health, and the prospect of complete restoration.

Mr. A. A. Barnes, general ticket agent of the Memphis and Charleston railroad, and Mr. C. P. Oakley, general ticket agent of the Memphis and Tennessee railroad, have returned from the Niagara excursion.

BOARD OF HEALTH.—About twenty physicians were present at the meeting of the Board of Health at noon yesterday. Thirty-five new cases of yellow fever were reported for the twenty-four hours ending at noon. These are in what is known as the "infected district," and Vance, Alabama, St Martin, Adams, Commerce, Front, Washington, Market, Promenade, Jackson and Union streets, the hospital on the Raleigh road and Third street, Chelsea. Outside of the districts in which the fever has most prevailed the cases are scattering. The Board adopted suitable resolutions expressive of sympathy with Mrs. Thornton in her bereavement, caused by the death of his father, Colonel Thornton, and sister, Miss Thornton. Nurses have been sent for of experience to attend females, who may be without female attendants.

UNDERTAKING.—The firm of Flaherty & Weeche, undertakers, No. 57 Union street, are prepared to attend to everything in their line night or day, in the city or country. They keep on hand a supply of first class metallic coffins, as well as walnut and poplar coffins. They have one of the finest hearses in the South, and it has been admired by every one who has seen it. Mr. J. Flaherty, who is connected with this house, was a member of the old firm of J. & M. Flaherty, who before the war transacted a larger business in furniture and undertaking than any other house in the city, and established a reputation for honesty and business capacity surpassed by no other firm. Mr. Flaherty's large fortune was staked for the South during the war, and was lost. He returned to Memphis, and with energy, industry and perseverance, has been rebuilding another firm name. He deserves success, and we sincerely hope he will attain it.

BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

At an adjourned meeting of the Board yesterday afternoon, present Mayor Lofland, President Hayden, Aldermen Glancy, Johnson, Amis, Hill, O'Donnel, Shaw, Ruffin, Smith and Passmore.

Sundry petitions were presented and referred.

Mr. Passmore from Special Committee reported the account of late chief of the Fire Department, Waldraven, for services, and asked its reference to the City Attorney to examine and report thereon.

Upon a motion by Alderman Johnson, that a petition should be granted, there being no second the Chair ruled that the whole matter was dead, and out of the power of the Board, although other Aldermen might desire its reference. An appeal from the decision of the Chair was taken by Alderman Amis. After considerable discussion the Chair was sustained by the following vote: Ayes, Messrs Glancy, Johnson, Ruffin, Smith and Passmore—5; Nays, Messrs Amis, Hill, O'Donnell and Shaw—4.

Mr. O'Donnell reported a petition from F. G. Capers, City Inspector, asking for the erection of scales on the landing, for the weighing of hay, etc., which was referred to a special committee of three, Messrs O'Donnell, Ruffin and Glancy.

A resolution offered by Alderman Passmore, to pay five dollars per day to ward Registers for the ensuing election, was adopted.

Resolution by Alderman Passmore, to cause to be removed the frame tenement erected on the bluff, for quarantine use, was adopted.

Resolution to sell the old bricks removed from the gutters, after sound discussion, was adopted.

Resolution by Alderman Smith, that the city Attorney make application for restitution by the General Government of moneys drawn on warrants on the city, while in military occupation, to the amount of sixty-eight thousand or seventy thousand dollars, was referred to the City Attorney.

Alderman Shaw offered a resolution to suspend the preliminary survey for the erection of water works, in view of the present condition of the city finances. This elicited discussion, when the Mayor, being called on, informed the Board that already some twenty-five thousand or thirty thousand dollars had been expended, the survey was about completed, and it only remained to complete the estimates. The resolution was modified and referred to the Mayor and Committee on Water Works.

A resolution of Mr. Amis, amended, to place gas lamps on Howard's row, Adams street bridge, corner of Vance and Main, and on Exchange street, at the termination of the gas main, was adopted.

It was resolved that within thirty days the shade trees on the streets, in front of property, shall, by the owners of said property, be so trimmed as not to obstruct the light of the street lamps (amended by Mr. Smith), and the dead trees cut down, was adopted.

A resolution was offered by Mr. Amis to have the meetings of the Board weekly instead of semi monthly, when the ordinance was produced, which a mere resolution could not effect. After some discussion, introduced as an ordinance, it was lost on the first reading.

Leave of absence was granted Alderman Passmore.

Alderman Amis offered a resolution that the Street Committee shall cause to be constructed a temporary fence around the new park, on Charleston avenue. It was, after some discussion, referred to the Improvement Committee, with power to act.

Other resolutions, including a change of market hours, were presented and referred.

An ordinance taxing one horse delivery wagons the same as those drawn by two horses, and taxing exhibitions and games charging admittance fees, was read the first time, and referred to the Ordinance Committee.

The Board then adjourned.

Now leasing city lots at Miller & Leidy's. 1w, 2m

UNITED STATES COURTS.

The Milliken Habeas Corpus Case.

In the case of Dean vs. the Memphis Gayoso Gas Light Company et al, the defendants filed their answer to the bill of complainant, and entered a motion to dissolve the injunction in the bill and answer.

The Milliken habeas corpus case was then called up, and Judge Trigg proceeded to deliver his opinion. After giving a brief statement of the case, he referred to the order granted some days since on Lieutenant Hugo, to amend his return to the writ, by inserting a copy of the general order issued by General Thomas as to the arrest of Milliken. This had been done; it simply stated that Milliken had been arrested by the military authorities for a violation of his parole as a prisoner of war. But since that amendment had been made, another seems to have been inserted, "that Milliken had been arrested for an armed violation of his parole." This seems to have been done with the assent of one of the counsel of the petitioner. So far as the Court could get any information from newspapers, etc., and he could take judicial knowledge of the state of the country, no war existed at present, and no war was being made by any one in the state of Tennessee on the Government of the United States. The return of the officer is so indefinite and leaves the case in so much doubt, and the importance given to the case in the newspapers and elsewhere, the Court is desirous of entering into the case and see what is in it, and let the country see likewise. The motion to discharge the prisoner will be overruled, and leave given to him to traverse the return so that the facts may be brought out; or the officer can be allowed his return by stating therein the facts in the case, and then the Court can come to some conclusion as to whether the parole has been broken by armed violation or otherwise.

Judge Lewis resisted the order to amend the return, and contended that the counsel of the defendant were bound by the agreement of their associate counsel as to the insertion of the words "armed violation." He seemed to think that a court martial was a good thing, and that justice would there be administered impartially and quite as well as in the civil courts; that they had answered fully, and should not be required to disclose the facts in the case. In the return, Attorney General Wallace stated that when the Government offered evidence to sustain the charge, they were ready to offer evidence to rebut such testimony. The Government was bound to proceed, and make out a case. If it failed to do so, the prisoner should be discharged. They held the negative proposition; the Government holds the affirmative.

Judge Lewis is denied this rule of evidence. If the petitioner had any evidence to offer, in order to show why he should be discharged, he should do so. The Government was not bound to make out a case; the return of the officer was sufficient. He never had seen any authority otherwise.

General Wallace replied that he did not know what rules of practice or evidence were followed in the Civil Commission over which Judge Lewis presided during the war; but all courts of justice were governed by the rules laid down in the books, and this was the rule adopted by the courts of Tennessee. He denied that the return officer of the Government—United States Attorney Perkins—should make out the return, and not assistant counsel.

At this point Judge Lewis became quite angry, and demanded of General Wallace that he should explain what he meant by such a remark.

General Wallace proceeded to state, in no very flattering terms, what idea he intended to convey, when the gentlemen were called to order by the Court and quiet restored.

Court adjourned to three o'clock, in order to give Lieutenant Hugo time to amend the return.

When the Court met pursuant to adjournment, Judge Lewis read the return, as ordered by the Court. It merely recited, that on or about August, 1867, a detachment of United States troops was sent to LaGrange, Tennessee, during the election; that young Milliken became exasperated at seeing negro troops and negroes voting; he said to a loyal citizen, named John Baum, "don't we know that you hate the Southern people as you do rattlesnakes?" and further said to the loyal Baum, "I will hold you personally responsible for this," and that Milliken was armed, as was several other citizens. The loyal citizen, Baum, got frightened and escaped from the armed rebels, and was advised by other loyal citizens to leave town with the troops. Milliken was then arrested by the United States troops. This is the sum and substance of the "armed violation of parole," as disclosed in the return of Lieutenant Hugo, colored up in legal phraseology by counsel. Attorney General Wallace introduced no evidence, resting the case on the return.

Judge Trigg proceeded to deliver his opinion, an abstract of which we present. He said the case presented two questions:

1st. Are the particular acts recited in the return a violation of the terms of the parole?

2d. If so, is the petitioner properly held for trial before a military court, or has such a court jurisdiction?

He referred to the case of General Rucker last year, in which he decided that a parole only exists during the war; it terminates with the war itself; when peace was restored, he was only responsible to the civil authority; no military tribunal had jurisdiction. In the Rucker case the motion to discharge the prisoner was overruled, and he was bound over to answer the indictment for treason in the civil courts. He saw no reason to change his opinion expressed in the above case. The Presidents must see that the laws are executed. The acts of 1795 give him power to call out the troops and militia to suppress insurrection. There is no necessity for a formal declaration of war in a rebellion, and the President could not be expected to await the action of Congress. He had the authority given him in the Constitution, and the acts of 1795 to suppress insurrection, and he would best know when that insurrection was entirely suppressed. It is different in a foreign war, which is ended by a treaty of peace. With insurgents no treaty can be made; they have only to lay down their arms, and peace is restored—when the war ends. When the civil courts are open, that moment they take the place of military courts. It is perfectly ridiculous to say that war yet exists, and that the civil courts are superceded by military authority until Congress shall declare otherwise. When war ceases, military authority over citizens for offenses also ceases.

Even if war existed at present, was the offence a military one, or against the State laws? There are two branches to a parole; the first, not to take up arms against the United States; the second, the parole prisoner is permitted to return to his home, and he will not be disturbed by the United States, so long as he obeys the laws of the State. The first is a military obligation. The civil authorities have a right to punish for violations of the second. The second branch of the parole merely affords protection to the citizen from arrest and imprisonment by the United States so long as he obeys the parole. For violation of the military obligation in time of peace, the United States courts are open. Military commissions are repugnant to our sense of justice, and the theory of our Government when civil courts are open. The offence disclosed in this return is a violation of the laws of the State, not of the United States, and was not an armed violation of a parole. The prisoner will be discharged as he is illegally detained in custody by the military authorities.

Court adjourned to this morning at the usual hour, when a formal adjournment will be had to the first week in January, 1868.

Quarterly Report of the Surgeon of the County Hospital.

FORT PICKERING, October 1, 1867.

Honorable Board of Commissioners, Shelby County:

No of patients—At last report, 39; admitted since, 272; treated, 311; discharged, 182; died, 90; remaining, 64.

Nationality of the whites—Tennessee, 5; Alabama, 6; Georgia, 1; North Carolina, 1; Missouri, 2; Louisiana, 5; Kentucky 3; Mississippi, 1; New York, 5; Pennsylvania, 4; Indiana, 1; Massachusetts, 1; New Jersey, 1; Illinois, 2; Ohio, 7; Rhode Island, 1; Germany, 20; England, 8; Scotland, 3; Ireland, 60; Norway, 1; Russia, 3; Nova Scotia, 1; Italy, 2—149.

Diseases—Typhoid fever, 32; intermittent fever, 66; remittent fever, 8; bilious fever 16; cholera morbus, 29; congestive fever, 8; constipation, 4; diarrhœa, 7; dysentery, 16; erysipelas, 4; dropsy, 5; hepatitis, 7; Pleuresis, 2; pneumonia, 2; typhoid pneumonia, 1; consumption, 8; scrofula, 6; delirium tremens, 4; sunstroke, 3; epilepsy, 1; rheumatism, 7; tetanus (lock jaw), 2; paralysis, 3; insanity, 2; deolity, 6; eye diseases, 8; ulcers, 8; scabies (itch), 1; lariea, 1; gangrene, 1; shot wounds, 4; other wounds, 8; amputations, 2; coxalgia, 1; syrallamus, 3; syphilis, 25; puerperal fever, 1; prolapsus uteri, 2; fractures, 9—314.

Color and sex of the deceased—Whites, males, 18; females, 1; colored, males, 23; females, 18—60.

Age of the deceased—Between ten and twenty, 8; twenty and thirty, 21; thirty and forty, 6; forty and fifty, 6; fifty and sixty, 3; sixty and seventy, 3; over seventy, 2—60.

Causes of death—Typhoid fever, 14; congestive fever, 2; cholera morbus, 17; dysentery, 4; consumption, 6; dropsy, 3; delirium tremens, 3; scrofula, 1; debility (old age), 3; lariea, 1; gangrene, 1; sunstroke, 1; vulu. traumaut, 1; tetanus (lock jaw) 2; syphilis universalis, 1—60.

Recapitulation—Whites, males, 132; females, 14; colored, males, 105; females, 63—314.

FIRE.—This morning, between twelve and one o'clock, the ruins of the late fire on Rank alley were found again burning, and were extinguished without additional damage.

New York papers, at New York prices, by W. & J. Speckenagle, at No. 125 Poplar street. News dealers will take notice.

Damaged dry goods and clothing to be sold at the sales room of Royster, Trezevant & Co., this morning, at ten o'clock, on account of the Board of Underwriters.

The first bad case of real yellow fever in Memphis was cured with Stillman's Restorative. Inquire about it. 2m

Official Drawing of the Missouri State Lottery.

CLASS 591, DRAWN OCTOBER 16, 1867.

19, 72, 50, 9, 56, 1, 69, 16, 42, 4, 70, 57, 52.

CLASS 592, DRAWN OCTOBER 16, 1867.

8, 67, 60, 2, 3, 42, 48, 5, 65, 25, 30, 56, 45, 43.

Drawn twice each day. Over $100,000 in prizes paid each day. Prizes are *all cash*. Tickets cost from twenty-five cents to twenty dollars. Call or send for circular.

GEO. W. VAN VOAST, Agent,
20 and 22 Jefferson, 22 Gayoso and 6 Wyer streets.

The most durable and latest styles of hats and caps, at the "Memphis Hat Company's," opposite Court square. 1w

OSHEL'S LUNCH.—This morning Oshel's first lunch will be spread out for the delectation of his friends, and to secure our readers that it will be one worthy of their discussion.

We cannot enumerate the prices of our immense stock for he placed out—they are the lowest in order to secure an early sale. RICH, STIX & CO.

Buy one of Miller & Leidy's best hats, 269 Main street, opposite Court square. 1w

Constitution Water is a certain cure for diabetes and all diseases of the kidneys. For sale by all druggists.

You can find the best hat in the city at 269 Main street, opposite the square. 1w

Attend the closing sale of Rice, Stix & Co.; you will find a complete stock of dry goods at lower prices than ever.

For your winter hat you can be suited at Miller & Leidy's, 269 Main street, opposite the square. 1w

The best hats in the city, at Miller & Leidy's, opposite Court square. 1w

BUSINESS NOTICES.

ERRORS OF YOUTH.—A gentleman who suffered for ears from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the receipt and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Those wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience, can do so, by addressing, in perfect confidence,

JOHN B. OGDEN,
No. 42 Cedar street, New York.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, for children teething, greatly facilitates the process of teething, by softening the gums, reducing all inflammation; will allay all pain and spasmodic action, and is sure to regulate the bowels. Depend upon it, mothers, it will give rest to yourselves, and relief and health to your infants. We have put up and sold this article for years, and can say in confidence and truth of it what we have never been able to say of any other medicine—never has it failed in a single instance to effect a cure, when timely used. Never did we know an instance of dissatisfaction by any one who used it. On the contrary, all are delighted with its operation, and speak in terms of commendation of its medical effects and mutual virtues. We speak in this matter "that we know," after years of experience, and pledge our reputation for the full truth of what we here declare. In almost every instance where the infant is suffering from pain and exhaustion, relief will be found in fifteen or twenty minutes after the syrup is administered. Full directions for using will accompany each bottle. Be sure and call for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," having the fac-simile of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations. Sold by all druggists throughout the world. Price only thirty-five cents per bottle. Office—24 Fulton street, New York; 26 High Holborn, London, England; 66 St. Paul street, Montreal, Canada. oc6

THE MILLIKEN CASE.

Brief of Attorney General Wallace, Counsel of Petitioner.

W. A. Milliken, *ex parte*,
vs. } Habeas Corpus.
W. H. Hugo,

Motion for discharge of petitioner by reason of the insufficiency of the return to writ of habeas corpus

1. The war in which the petitioner surrendered himself, and was discharged on his parole, was a civil war.—[Wheaton, page 523, notes.

2. Prisoners captured, or who surrender in civil war, are to be treated as prisoners of war, when existing, between independent powers, and under the same principles of international law and laws of war.[Wheaton, page, 523, notes bottom page.

3. The existence of the late "civil war" was declared by the proclamation of the President of the United States, by authority conferred on the President under the fifth section of the act of Congress, July 13, 1861.—[United States Statistics at Large, page 267, as amended by act of July 31, 1861, page —, and by the second section of act of Congress, passed June 7, 1862.

4. The obligations or conditions imposed on paroled prisoners of war terminate with termination of hostilities, or the close of the war, in which the paroled prisoner is captured, or at whose termination the prisoner surrenders himself.—[Halleck's International law, or Laws of War, page 433, sections 11, 12, 13.

5. The manner in which civil wars, in which result, from the triumph of one of the belligerents, and the consequent surrender of the other, terminates, is by proclamation of amnesty extended to the persons who participated in the civil war which resulted in the oblivion of all distinctions between the conqueror and the conquered.—[Wheaton, page 524, note top of page.

6. The Court will judicially recognize the cessation of hostilities by the surrender of the forces of the insurrectionary States to the military officers commanding the armies and navy of the United States in the year 1865, and that peace *de jure et de facto* exists, and has existed for more than two whole years.—[Pennsylvania decision, not now at hand, and decision of the Judge of the District and Circuit Court of the United States for the District of West Tennessee, in the Rucker case.

7. The Court will take judicial cognizance of this proclamation of peace promulgated by the President of the United States, and his official proclamation of amnesty to all who participated in the late war, in which the petitioner surrendered himself when he was discharged on his parole, which he is alleged to have violated, with the exceptions therein specified, in which exceptions the petitioner is not included, he having been a private in the late civil war.

8. The petitioner promptly availed himself of the benefits of the amnesty offered by the amnesty proclamation, by a full compliance with all the provisions and requirements set forth in said proclamation.

It is contended by the counsel for the Government that the petitioner is not now, nor has he been, in the military service of the United States, either in the army or navy, and that the alleged acts violative of his parole are charged to have been done on the 1st day of August, 1867, and subsequent to the promulgation by the President of the United States of his proclamations of peace and amity.

10. The Court will take judicial notice that the entire State of Tennessee has been completely restored to all the relations, privileges and immunities enjoyed by other States of the Government—United States civil courts, State and Federal, without obstruction, administer the civil and criminal laws, State and Federal, in every judicial district in this State.

11. That in times of peace all persons not in the service of the military nor naval departments of the Government of the United States, shall be tried by the legally constituted tribunals of the country, in the manner prescribed by the Constitutions and laws of the United States and of the State of Tennessee.

RIVER NEWS.

AVALANCHE OFFICE,
THURSDAY, October 17.

BUSINESS—WEATHER—RIVERS.

Weather warm. The river continues to decline with very little improvement in the channel. The packets report four and a half feet from here to Cairo and five and a half feet from there to St. Louis. The Ohio is falling at Cincinnati and Louisville with twenty-eight inches in the channel. White river is receding, with three feet at Little Island. The Arkansas continues at low tide with twenty-seven inches in the channel.

ARRIVALS.

Steamer Michigan, Evansville.
" Ozark, White river.

DEPARTURES.

Steamer Henry Ames, New Orleans.
" Mayflower, St. Louis.
" Paragon, St. Louis,
" Berths, White river.

IN PORT.

Starlight, Guidon, Michigan, Ozark.

MISCELLANEOUS.

There was a fair amount of business transacted on the levee yesterday.

The Starlight, from Cincinnati, and Paragon discharged considerable amount of merchandise.

The Henry Ames backed out for New Orleans, drawing six feet water.

The Bertha left for Duvall's Bluff. The bulk of her freight is consigned to Little Rock and Pine Bluff. There is not sufficient water for her in the Arkansas, and she reships at Duvall's Bluff by rail.

The Mayflower left for St. Louis at noon.

The Paragon cleared for St. Louis at five p.m., with three hundred bales of cotton.

The Gleaner will be found at the wharf this evening, to receive for the Arkansas, and will leave on Saturday for Pine Bluff.

The Ozark, in command of Captain John Edson, a popular and competent officer, arrived from White river yesterday. She is receiving at the foot of Court street for a return trip, and leaves to-day at five p.m. The Ozark is a No. 1 boat, and has superior passenger accommodations. Messrs. McDonnell and Hallorson, two gentlemen noted for their urbanity and courtesy, have charge of the office. Our friend, little Mac, has hosts of friends on White river, as well as in Memphis. His courtesy and attention to business have secured him a lasting reputation.

The Michigan arrived yesterday from Evansville, with a cargo of hay and produce.

The U. A. Thompson is still aground at Phillips'.

The Norman's trip up White river will not prove very profitable, as she has been aground in the river, and had to double trip it from below Little Island to Des Arc. She will have to store her Jacksonport freight, as she cannot get up above Augusta.

The Adam Jacobs, in command of that noble officer, Captain L. Hemmingway, is the packet for Cairo and St. Louis to-day; leaving at five p.m.

When the Lizzie Gill passed down from St. Louis for New Orleans, on Thursday night last, a deck passenger on board, very drunk, became involved in words, and was ordered off the boat by the mate, Wm. Hicks. The man, in making his way ashore, fell overboard, and was drowned. On Friday morning two men raised the body at police headquarters here, and informed the Metropolitans that the mate had thrown the above man overboard. No arrests were made here; but the circumstances being made known before the superintendent of the Metropolitans, he telegraphed to the authorities at Vicksburg to arrest Hicks, which was done on the arrival of the Lizzie Gill at that port. Hicks will be brought here for trial.

James H. Turner, a well known river clerk, died at New Orleans on Sunday of yellow fever.

Evansville dispatches of the 14th report twenty-eight inches water on Cumberland bar, and twenty-two inches at French Island.

The Right Way, bound for Red river, passed Evansville on Monday.

The Cincinnati Commercial of Tuesday says:

The weather yesterday was cool and hazy, morning and evening, mild at noon, and bright, beautiful moonlight at night. At Pittsburg the river was falling last night, with sixteen inches in the channel. Here it is falling slowly, with twenty-four inches on the shoalest bars, hence to Louisville. At a meeting of the Cincinnati Charitable Marine Association, yesterday, the following gentlemen were chosen delegates to the convention of steamboat owners and commanders, which convenes in this city to-morrow; John A. Williamson, John N. Shunk, F. Y. Batchelor, John C. Reno, Sam. J. Hale, Theo. Cook and Benj. F. Davidson. The following are the delegates from New Orleans: P. C. Montgomery, John Smoker, John T. Hall, George Kouns, B. B. Kouns, R. S. Kirk, and John W. Cannon. The following are the delegates from Wheeling: J. L. Thompson, T. Russell, J. Ho and Charles Muhleman. Captain John L. Brodes, of Pittsburg, arrived here yesterday for the purpose of attending the Convention.

The prospects for a pack at Pittsburg are not so favorable. There has been no rain since Sunday, and all that has already fallen has had no effect on the river whatever. It still keeps cloudy and unsettled, however, and there is a possibility of more rain soon. Captain Richard Calhoon has purchased a fourth interest in the Delaware, for which he paid something like $2,500. Captain Calhoon will have her repaired for the fall trade.

The St. Louis *Republican*, of Tuesday, says:

The weather continues very pleasant. Business on the wharf was most exceedingly dull. Freights for all points were very scarce, and rates anything but satisfactory. The following figures were set for the New Orleans trade, viz: Flour, onions, apples and potatoes, per bbl., $1; pork, $1 50; whisky, coal oil, ale and beer, $3; heavy pound freights, 50 per 100 lbs.; light do., $1; corn, per sack, 60c; oats, 65c. The river is declining steadily.

The New Orleans *Bulletin*, of Monday, says:

By unanimous consent of the steamboat masters, the flags of the various river craft in port were displayed at half mast, in token of respect to the memory of Mr. George Little, late commander of the steamer Lizzie Tate, who died yesterday morning of the prevailing epidemic. This tribute to the virtues of an honest artisan who occupied but an humble place in life, is deserving of special notice and honorable commendation. As we go to press the steamer Fannie Gilbert is reported as having arrived at the Stock Landing. Mr. George Brander, her late pilot, is said to have died of yellow fever on the boat's up trip to Shreveport.

MONETARY.

DAILY AVALANCHE OFFICE,
THURSDAY, October 17, 1867.

The money market continues to rule close, with the rates of interest firm and unchanged.

GOLD.—In New York was steady at 140¾. The sales here were quiet, with the quotations the same as yesterday. Silver rules firm; buying at 136@138.

EXCHANGE.—Was in fair supply; buying at ¼ off and selling at the same rate.

CITY CURRENCY.—Does not seem to have yet found a resting place, but was held at steady buying and closing rates.

COUNTY SCRIP.—Buying Tate Scrip; selling Shelby.

POLICE SCRIP.—About holding its own; buying price 75c; selling for no one much doing.

Tennessee money is scarce and tentative. Dealers bid as follows: For Bank of Commerce, old issue, 80c; Bank of West Tennessee, 80c; Bank of Chattanooga, 1c; Bank of Middle Tennessee, 80c; City Bank, 80c; Bank of Memphis, 80c; Bank of North Western Railroad, 80c; Bank of Commerce, new issue, 80c; Union Bank, 80c; Shelbyville Bank, 80c; Southern Bank, 80c; Bank of Tennessee, 80c; Bank of Knoxville, 80c; Commercial Bank, par; Bank of Memphis, par; Bank of the Union, 80c; State's Bank, 80c; Life and Union Bank, 80c; Life and Union Bank certificates, 80c; Bank of Commerce, 80c; Bank of Paris, 80c.

COMMERCIAL.

DAILY AVALANCHE OFFICE,
THURSDAY, October 17, 1867.

Business in the general markets yesterday was dull and inactive, with a small local trade doing in plantations. The markets are well supplied, with prices steady and unchanged.

COTTON.—The market yesterday exhibited a little more degree of activity. Sales were fair, and buyers operated freely. The New York market was reported firm with a slight advance in prices. The firmness of the New York market gave buoyance and firmness to the market here, and during the day holders were firm in their views, and exhibited an advance of ¼c. The transactions of the day foot up fair, with middling at 16¾@17; strict middling, 17@17½; low mid. ling, 15¾@15¾; good ordinary, 16@16¼. The mark is closed firm with prices looking up.

The COTTON SITUATION.—The present wretched weather and the low prices of cotton has cast a gloom over our city and its trade, call it a general dullness and inactivity in business, call it what you may (we have learned and experienced all these and anticipated all the shock—perhaps it is full as well for us), but we do not intend to decline to cotton. It is unexpected as it is now, clearly without just cause or the slightest reason, except as a slight excuse that the crop prospects are better generally than was anticipated at the opening of the season, which were so industriously circulated here in the interest of speculators and gamblers. We have always contended that our planting friends were over estimating the position of the crop, and going to over production, and we believe, in fact, present prices which the month of August seems to indicate. This is no cause, however, for depression in the interest of spinners and speculators and, combine with other causes, have produced the decline in prices as before stated. We have no fear for the future, however, and are confident that, under the present system, the ruling rates of cotton to-day are sufficient to pay the cost of production. The expenses of the year of labor, freights, insurance, storage, etc., will amount to at least a hundred dollars per bale. Those who have to pay a rent of one-third of the crop, have a still heavier load to carry. As a matter of fact, the cost of cotton to the planter is not over twelve or thirteen cents per pound. The present crop is a heavy one, and a rule of supply and demand will govern the prices made, truthfully remarks the Augusta *Chronicle*. Prices have been forced down to their present low figures by the fears of heavy receipts. Large stocks have been accumulated for Gaston and other certificates, and the holders have been very anxious to realize. Now we have ceased to hope for even a middling fair price. The cotton crop of August and September, as we predicted, has suffered most materially from the rains. Oats dull at 80@85c for white and 75@80c for mixed. Corn dull at 80@85c for white and 75@80c for mixed. Flour very firm; XXX, $11 50@12 00; family, $12 50@13 00; extra family, $13 00@13 50; fancy, $14 00@15 00; and high grades, $15 00@16 00. Bacon—shoulders, 12½c; clear sides, 15½c; clear rib sides, 15½c. Lard—tierces, 16c; kegs, 16½c. Hams—sugar cured, 18@20c. Whisky—$2 15 in bond. Cotton 15½@16c.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET.

NEW ORLEANS, October 15.

Sugar dull; market bare of fair grades; Cuba, 12c. Molasses, new crop arrived; fair to prime, 75@80c. Corn dull; prime to choice white, 90c@$1 00; yellow, $1 00@1 05. Oats dull; prime to choice, 70@75c. Flour quiet; superfine $10; XXX $13 50; 1 000 barrels receive to-day; $2 00 barrels expected in to-day, now due. Corn steady; mixed, 95c; clear sides, 19½c. Pork inactive at $28 50. Lard quiet and firm; sales no tierces; 50c in keg. Bacon firm; sales no tierces; 50c in keg. Coffee quiet; receipts to-day, 943 bags; low middling, 17@18. Gold, 40¾. Sterling, 53@53½. New York sight, 10@¼ premium.

ST. LOUIS MARKET.

ST. LOUIS, October 16.

Tobacco more active and low grades better; lug, $3 00@7 common to medium leaf, $7@8 2; good shipping, $12@13; fillers, $4@20; wrapping, $8@9; good and fine bright leaf, $20@30 per 100 lbs, holding during Resp. 1 sales 50 hhds at $7@12 for common to fine dressed. Flour $7 from, XXX, $11 50@12 00; family, $12 50@13 00; extra family, $13 00@13 50; fancy, $14 00@15 00; choice and fancy brands, $15 00@16 00. Corn dull at 80@82c for white and yellow. Oats dull at 70@75c. Barley very firm at $1 25@1 30 for choice. Whisky, sales 150 barrels at 24½c for common to fine. Provisions—Mess pork, $28 25; lard, 16c; shoulders, 12½c; clear sides, 15½@15¾c; sacks, 13½c; clear sides, 15½@15¾c; sacks, 13½c. Lard, 16@16½c.

STEAMBOATS.

FOR ARKANSAS RIVER.

Regular Memphis and Arkansas River Weekly United States Mail Packet.

For Pine Bluff and Little Rock.

Gleaner.....Fenwick, master

The new and splendid passenger steamer leaves on Saturday the 19th Instant, at 5 p.m.

For freight or passage apply on board or to

JAMES T. BOURNE & CO., Agents.
oc16 Superintendent.

FOR WHITE RIVER.

U. S. Mail.

Regular Memphis and White River Thursday Packet.

For Duvall's Bluff, Augusta and Jacksonport.

Ozark.....Edson, master

This well and favorably known steamer will leave as above THURSDAY, October 17, at 5 p.m.

LEVY & MILLER, Agents,
oct16 No. 34 Madison street.

FOR ST. LOUIS.

Memphis and St. Louis Packet Company.

For Hickman, Columbus, Cairo and St. Louis.

Adam Jacobs.....Hemmingway, master

The splendid steamer will leave as above THIS DAY, October 17, at 5 p.m.

FLEM. CALVERT, Agent.
oct16

FOR VICKSBURG.

Regular Memphis and Vicksburg Saturday Packet.

For Helena, Napoleon Vicksburg and the Bends.

Dan Able.....Lee, master

This splendid packet will leave as above on SATURDAY, October 19, at 5 p.m.

VINSON & DONAHUE,
oct17 254 Front street, up stairs.

REGULAR SEMI-WEEKLY PACKET

For Hale's Point, Osceola, Fulton, Randolph and all Intermediate Landings.

COLDFINCH.

WILLIAM KARR, Captain.

Leaves Memphis every TUESDAY and SATURDAY at 5 p.m.
oct17

REORGANIZATION.

St. Louis, Memphis and Vicksburg Packet Line.

ONE of the four following first class side wheel steamers will leave Memphis promptly as follows: TUESDAYS and MONDAYS at 5 o'clock p.m., for Vicksburg and all way landings: Steamers

RUBICON, W. H. Blake, master, FRIDAYS.
H. M. SHREVE, R. Carter master, FRIDAYS.
COLUMBIAN, Barnes, master, MONDAYS.
PEORIA CITY, D. H. Silver, master, MONDAYS.

Making close connection with Meridian and Selma Railroad and Yazoo river packets.

By prompt ness and regularity and strict attention to all business entrusted to them, these packets trust to merit a share of the patronage of

DAILY AVALANCHE.

GALLAWAY, RHEA & CLUSKEY.

P. C. GALLAWAY, } Editors and Proprietors.
M. CLUSKEY,

Terms—Daily paper, per month, in advance, $1; Weekly $ [illegible] insertion inserted at $1 per square for first issue; [illegible] per square for each week. Yearly cards per square.

OFFICE:
In our new building, No. 32 Jefferson street, near the corner of Main.

THE FORTUNE HUNTER'S VICTIM.

A Melancholy Romance from Long Branch.

From the New York News.]

[When we first glanced at the following, we were strongly reminded of the mature young lady and the mature young gentleman, who were married at VANEERING'S, when they discovered that they both had been "done for," but the picture is a sadder one than the fortune hunting pair in "Our Mutual Friend." There is a moral in it, however, and strongly illustrates the deceitfulness of appearances:]—EDS. AVALANCHE.

Yonder goes a finely formed young lady dressed in black, walking in the pavilion. You may have noticed her at the table. She is here with a party, but you don't see her out often, except driving. A few years ago she was next to the richest heiress in the State. Her father, a Spaniard, was very wealthy, and the fortunes of several relatives fell to him, so that the prospects of his only daughter were, as you might say, lined with gold. She was beautiful, gay, and went everywhere, and of course had a great many lovers. Some of them adored her, for she was of a charming disposition, and of course frank and fearless, for she knew no such thing as denial, and wanted nobody's favor.

There was a gentleman among her admirers who had made up his mind that he would have the heiress and her money too. He was of an old, high New York family, the D——s, but almost poor, and quite too proud to take a profession and earn a living. His name, his accomplishments and elegant manners admitted him everywhere, and he needed a rich wife to retrieve his fortunes, that being the only help genteel enough for his fastidious tastes. He was very handsome, had been abroad, knew how to please a woman well, and devoted himself to the heiress. From place to place he followed her, used all his arts to win her, and she was completely fascinated. She gave him her admiration and love without limit. The displeasure of her mother was intense. She thought the misguided girl, and set before her the fact that she was dependent on her mother during the latter's lifetime for all the money she received, and thought she had been supplied boundlessly hitherto without a thought, that if she married De W——, all except the interest of a small legacy would cease.

The creature had never known what it was to have a wish refused, and she did not understand it now. She persisted in loving this handsome and most fascinating adorer, whom one can call nothing better than a genteel adventurer, and she determined to marry him. He was poor, she knew, but she did not care for that; he had some money and that would be enough for them both. Finding her willful, and not willing to make resistance public, her mother gave her consent to the marriage, but sternly informing her that henceforth not a dollar of the vast allowance she had been used to spending would pass through her hands afterward. Her mother gave her a trousseau and a splendid wedding, to have public appearances all right, and the affair was a sensation at the time.

Her husband had a fine suite of rooms at the Brevoort House, luxuriously furnished for his reception, and the bride spent one week in all the felicity of which she had dreamed. She idolized her husband, and he pretended to live only for her. Receptions operas and balls engrossed the evenings, and in their brief day hours there was the fondest pleasure that even fancy could anticipate. But at the end of the week the costly board bill was brought up, and the new husband asked his bride for money to pay it. She was surprised, and said: "Money! Why, I have no money!" and looked to him for an explanation. The unpleasant disclosure had to be made that he had nothing, as he had spent his last quarter's income preparing for the wedding. Imagine his state when he heard that, of her expected fortune, not one dollar was under his wife's control.

A new fashion of affairs succeeded. They left the splendid rooms on the first floor, and took a poor set in the fifth story, a change which, to the delicately reared woman, was like beggary itself. Her mother wondered at not hearing from her, and went round to see her. The servant showed her away up to the topmost story, "and when i got there," she said, "and saw that girl, that had been used to extravagance and the kindest care all of her life, sitting alone in that mean looking room, I thought I should faint."

The husband began to neglect her, and be away from her days at a time, and was penurious with her to a degree. An aunt happened to call on her from a distance, and the young bride could not endure to have her go away without refreshments, and so rang the bell for some biscuits and wine. When the husband heard of this he was angry, and sternly forbade any such extravagance. The end of all was that he left one morning for Chicago, without word or warning to his wife, leaving her without money and no promise of his coming back. She sent word to her mother, who took her home, and as she could not see her suffer, settled an allowance on her and gave her a house on Seventeenth street for her own. And that was the close of a girl's brilliant future that promised everything, if wealth could secure it. Her husband? They say he is in Chicago, and known as one of the keenest gamblers there.

What a history for the veiled figure walking by the sea!

The Legislature.

From the Nashville Banner, October 18.]

Several important measures were introduced yesterday. In the Senate, a resolution setting forth General Grant's claims as the Republican candidate for the Presidency was offered, but as the General is not considered quite sound on the Radical goose, Mr. Rogers' advocacy excited no enthusiasm whatever. In short, the resolution was permitted to "lie over," like any ordinary routine business.

The bill to indemnify loyal citizens for losses sustained during the war, which was rejected in the Senate last session, was again introduced yesterday by Mr. Aldridge. This is Governor Brownlow's pet measure, and will be supported with vigor by the East Tennessee members, but there are indications that very strong opposition will be offered by those who represent the interests of Middle and West Tennessee. The latter regard it as a measure intended for the almost exclusive benefit of East Tennessee.

We give elsewhere Mr. McElwee's report relative to the school fund. It makes a very poor showing. No sane man believes that enough will be "recovered" to pay the attorney's fees.

Mr. Elliott, with commendable care for the cotton growing interests of the State, wants our Senators and Representatives in Congress to go to work for the abolition of the cotton tax. He also, as will be seen by a reference to our report, favors an increase of the rate of interest.

Senate bill for the protection of the laborer passed its final reading and goes to the House. Although we have not looked closely into its provisions, it strikes us as being fair and just in conception.

The bill withdrawing the offer of $5,000 reward for the arrest of Ex-Governor Isham G. Harris passed its second reading.

In the House, Mr. McKinley again distinguished himself by offering a bill to prevent any person not qualified as a voter from appearing at any place of election for the purpose of issuing tickets or influencing voters. The penalties are a fine of not less than $100 nor more than $300, and imprisonment for not less than three nor more than twelve months. McKinley's object is to fortify himself securely in Sumner. At the last election which took place in that county, the Conservative candidates for School Commissioners beat his men two to one on the negro vote. No wonder he's sore on the subject.

A bill was introduced by Mr. Jordan for the purpose of making "assurance doubly sure," by conferring on Commissioners of Registration the power to appoint clerks and judges of election.

Mr. Prosser, one of the Representatives from this county, introduced a bill to repeal the one per centum tax on all merchandise brought into this State. Our business community will watch the fate of this measure with no little interest.

Suicide in a Balloon.

In speaking of the latest "balloon marriage," some weeks ago, we ventured to hint that a balloon funeral would be the proper thing to do next. Somebody has now done—not exactly that, but something in that line; he has committed a balloon suicide. The hero of this serial *felo de se* is said to be a physician and, we need not add, a Frenchman. He kindly assembled his friends to witness a novel balloon experiment, cut the ropes, and as he rose, to the horror of his guests, showed a pistol, with which he made gestures indicating that he would fire through the balloon when high up in the air. Next morning the frightfully mangled body of the aeronaut and the bullet pierced balloon were found, at some distance from the point of departure. It is a very sensational thing to think of, provided you have imagination and leisure enough to follow the aeronaut through his flight and his fall. His anxiety to die while going heavenward was natural enough, but he had probably not counted on the surprise of being so suddenly turned the other way.

The yellow fever is very bad at Victoria, Texas. Major Lathrop, commanding post, and eleven others, died there on the 9th.

BANKS.

P. C. BETHELL, President. J. K. P. PRITCHARD, Cashier.

TENNESSEE SAVINGS INSTITUTION,

BETHELL BUILDING,

Corner of Court and Main Streets, Memphis, Tennessee.

TRANSACTS a General Banking Business, Receives Deposits, Deals in Gold, Silver, Exchange, Government Securities, Stocks, Bonds and Uncurrent Money. Collections promptly attended to.

Directors:
JOHN C. LANIER, President Georgia Savings Institution.
JAMES KLINE, President Dekalb Bank.
W. H. CHERRY, President Merchants' National Bank.
P. C. BETHELL, J. K. P. PRITCHARD.
1m28

MERCHANTS' NATIONAL BANK OF MEMPHIS,

No. 2 Jefferson Street.

Paid in Capital - - - - - $300,000
Authorized Capital - - - $1,000,000

W. H. CHERRY, President. A. T. LACEY, Vice-President.
J. J. FREEMAN, Cashier.

PEOPLE'S BANK OF TENNESSEE

MEMPHIS,

No. 12 Madison Street.

D. A. SHEPHERD, Cashier. F. W. SMITH President.

EMMET SAVINGS INSTITUTION,

No. 6 Madison Street, Memphis, Tenn.,

Is now open and prepared to do a General Banking Business. Will receive Deposits, buy and sell Exchange, Gold, Silver, Uncurrent Money, scrip, etc. Sight Drafts for one pound and upwards on Ireland, England and Scotland. Also, steam Passage Tickets for sale to and from Queenstown, Liverpool and New York. THOMAS FISHER, President.

THE DESOTO BANK

OF MEMPHIS,

No. 20 Madison Street.

JAMES ELDER, President. W. H. WOOD, Vice President.
T. R. FARNSWORTH, Cashier.

Notice.

In accordance with an act of the Legislature of Tennessee passed December 11, 1866, entitled an act "To expedite the distribution of the assets of Banks which have, and may make, assignments among their creditors," notice is hereby given to the holders of the Obion Bank to file them with the undersigned at the Bank in Kenzville, Tennessee, between now and the 15th day of September, inst., and receive certificates therefor, or they will be forever barred from any participation in the assets of the Bank. The certificates will be received AT PAR in payment for debts due the Bank, whether tendered before or after the 15th day of September, inst.

S. S. MASSENGILL,
JOSEPH A. MABRY,
Trustees.
se15

MISCELLANEOUS.

King's Patent Wrought Iron Tubular Arch Bridges

HAVE been in use throughout the Northern States for the past five years, and are superseding all other kinds for Turnpike, County Bridges and Railroads.

Hundreds have been built and put up, and, without a single exception, have fulfilled every condition, and exceeded every requirement of a good bridge.

The Patent is constructed wholly of Wrought Iron, upon a plan combining in the greatest degree Economy, Durability and Strength, they cannot fail to recommend themselves to practical men.

The undersigned having acquired the Sole Right to manufacture and sell the same in the States of Kentucky, Missouri, and the Southern States, is prepared to furnish them on reasonable terms.

Reliable and responsible Agents wanted. Circulars, lithographs and Cuts sent on application to

JULIUS BARBAROUX,
Hydraulic Foundry and Machine Shop,
Corner Floyd and Washington streets,
Louisville Ky.

ENGINE AND BOILER FOR SALE.

ENGINE rests on Iron Bed Plate, has three feet stroke, thirteen inch cylinder, reversable engine; boiler is thirty feet long, forty-two inches in diameter, two flues, mud receiver attached; kitchen stack and guys, fire front and grate bars. All complete, nearly new and in good running order.

ALSO,

Inquire of M. FYFE, 3rd of Jefferson street, or of CUB & HOUGH, Adams street. sept21 1m

A. F. DAVIS,

PRACTICAL HOUSE & SIGN PAINTER.

GILDING, GRAINING, GLAZING,

Paper Hanging, Kalsomining, Etc.

38 Union Street, Between Main & Second,

MEMPHIS, TENN.

SECOND DRAWING

OF THE

SOUTHERN ASYLUM LAND CO.

TO BE HELD

AT HERNANDO, MISS, AUGUST, 1867

THE FIRST DRAWING, which took place at Hernando Miss., on the 15th instant, was attended with unusual success, when it is remembered that but a few weeks elapsed from the inception of the enterprise to that event. Seventeen thousand dollars worth of tickets having been sold, a like amount of property was drawn for, under the supervision of gentlemen selected by the ticket holders present. The utmost harmony and good feeling pervaded those present, and, as will be seen from the subjoined certificate of the managers, the affair was conducted to a close in a most gratifying and satisfactory manner:

HERNANDO, Miss., June 15, 1867.

We hereby certify, that the above report of he first drawing of the Southern Asylum is correct, and that the proceedings were characterized by a spirit of justness and fairness manifested by any drawing of which we have any knowledge. The managers of the Company placed the tickets and wheels under our sole supervision and control.

(Signed) J. R. MORGAN,
W. W. CAMPTON,
ROBERT TEMPLE,
M. FARRENEY,
V. A. MERRIWETHER,
JOHN AINSLIE.
Committee.

J. M. HALL, Clerk.

The prizes drawn on this occasion numbered forty-seven, and comprised lots in the vicinity of Memphis, Tenn., Corinth, Miss., and Hernando, Miss., to each to which have been made to the lucky ticket holders. For this, the Second Drawing, however, we are able to offer our patrons still more attractive inducements to interest themselves in our scheme. From a large list of property, many of which has already been advertised to the public, we select the following as our

LIST OF PRIZES

FIRST AND CAPITAL PRIZE.

Colonel M. G. Gallaway's valuable residence, corner of Court and Third streets, Memphis, one block only from the center of the city, and in the vicinity of all the Federal, State and county offices. Lot 87½ feet front by 85½ deep. Valued at $25,000.

SECOND PRIZE.

A cottage residence of ten rooms, with lot 62x100, in the city of Chicago, Ill., only three-quarters of a mile from the head of the city, and within one block of the street railroad intersecting every part of the city. Valued at $6,000.

THIRD PRIZE.

One residence lot adjoining above property, 25x100 feet; very available for residence and desirably located. Valued at $600

FOURTH PRIZE.

One residence lot adjoining above property, 25x100 feet. Valued at $600.

FIFTH PRIZE.

One residence lot adjoining above, also 25x100 feet. Valued at $600.

SIXTH PRIZE.

A most valuable manufacturing site with a perpetual fall of 37 feet of water, situated in Winston county, Alabama, with 160 acres of land. Valued at $4,000.

SEVENTH PRIZE.

The Franklin Female Institute, at Holly Springs, Miss.; a handsome and well constructed school building, most eligibly located. This is very desirable property. Valued at $5,000.

EIGHTH PRIZE.

Lot No. 5, in Hays' subdivision, Memphis; size 52x132 feet. A beautiful building lot. Valued at $1,500.

NINTH PRIZE.

Seventy-five and a half acres of W odland near Raleigh, Shelby county, Tennessee, distant five Memphis nine miles. This is very desirable, and an excellent farm. Valued at $1,500

TENTH PRIZE.

Cottage residence, 5 rooms; lot 182x170 feet, on Borland avenue, near Memphis and Charleston railroad, near corporation line. Valued at $1,000.

Tickets $5 00 Each.

May be had of, or ordered through, any of the Company's agents, at the Central Agency, Memphis, Tenn., or of Colonel M. G. GALLAWAY, Manager.

Stockholders, Directors and Officers of the Company are prohibited from purchasing or holding tickets in any of the drawings. The Company is simply the media for the purchase and sale at real estate between property holders and the general public.

A. C. JOSLIN, R. J. MENEFEE, J. W. DUNKLEE

BURNET HOUSE

Northwest Corner of Vine and Third Streets,

CINCINNATI, OHIO.

A. C. JOSLIN & CO., Proprietors.
se 21

RAILROADS.

QUICK TIME.

BY THE

NEW ROUTE TO NASHVILLE

Memphis and Ohio, and Nashville and Northwestern Railroads, via McKenzie.

Commencing Tuesday, October 1.

TRAINS for Nashville will leave Depot head of Main street as follows:

Evening Express leaves Memphis at 4:30 p.m., and arrives at Nashville at 6:40 a.m. next day. This train arrives at Nashville

Seven Hours and Forty-five Minutes

in advance of Evening Train from Memphis by any other route.

Night Express leaves Memphis at 11:00 p.m., and arrives at Nashville at 4:00 p.m. next day.

This route is

Seventy-Eight Miles Shorter

To Nashville than via Decatur.

FARE REDUCED TO $12,00.

Through tickets via Nash

Chattanooga, Knoxville, Atlanta, and all Principal Points in Georgia, Alabama and the Carolinas.

Fare as Low as by any Other Route.

Through Tickets and all information can be obtained at No. 267½ Main street, and at the Depot. Head of Main street.

SAM. R. JONES, Gen'l Sup't
M. GRIDLEY, Ticket Agent,
ASA HILL, Passenger Agent.

OMNIBUSES of Memphis City Transfer Company call at all the principal Hotels before the departure of trains, and Check Baggage to all points. By leaving orders at Ticket Office, 267½ Main street, will call at any part of the city or steamboat landing.

JOHN E. JONES,
Sup't M. C. T. Co.
September 28, 1867. se30

FOR THE EAST AND NORTH

SPEED, COMFORT AND SAFETY!

MEMPHIS & CHARLESTON RAILROAD

From Memphis & Intervening Points

—TO—

Georgia, the Carolinas, Virginia Springs, Lynchburg, Richmond, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York, Etc.

TRAINS leave MEMPHIS AND CHARLESTON DEPOT as follows: 6:40 a.m., this train arrives in NASHVILLE

EIGHT HOURS IN ADVANCE

of any train leaving Memphis on the same day.

6:10 P. M.—This Train arrives at Nashville

TWO HOURS IN ADVANCE

Of Night Express by any other Route.

Smooth Track, better Equipments and Quicker Time than by any other Route.

One hundred and eighty-six miles shorter to Washington and ninety-eight miles shorter to New York than any other route.

ELEGANT SLEEPING CARS

ON ALL NIGHT TRAINS.

BAGGAGE CHECKED THROUGH.

Checks given at hotels or private residences, when ordered at the Office of the Company.

Fare the Same as by any other Route.

TICKETS to all parts can be procured at the office of the Memphis and Charleston Railroad, corner of Main and South Court streets, Memphis, Tennessee.

A. A. BARNES, Gen'l Ticket Agt.
SAM. C. WEAVER, Ticket Agent.
oct-1m

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

MEMPHIS AND OHIO RAILROAD,
GENERAL SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE,
MEMPHIS, TENN., Sept. 23, 1867.

TRAINS will leave the Depot of this Company, at head of Main street, until further notice, as follows:

Louisville and Nashville Express

Leaves every day at 4:30 p.m., making close connection at Louisville with fast Express trains on Louisville railroad for all Eastern cities, and with United States Mail Steamers for Cincinnati and all cities North and East, and in the

Shortest and Quickest Route to Nashville.

NIGHT EXPRESS—Every night except Saturday night at 11 o'clock—Making close connection with Mobile and Ohio railroad at Humboldt, and with Illinois Central railroad for St. Louis, Chicago, St. Paul, and all points North, West and East, and at Louisville with Jeffersonville railroad for all Northern and Eastern cities.

CARS GO THROUGH WITHOUT CHANGE.

Magnificent Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through to all important places. Persons holding through tickets can stop over at any point and resume journey at pleasure.

Through Tickets and all information can be obtained at Ticket Office, 267½ Main street, and at Depot.

SAM R. JONES,
General Superintendent.

ASA HILL, Passenger Agent.

GRAND DISTRIBUTION!

$253,950 in 9,000 Certificates

IN

THREE PRELIMINARY DRAWINGS

AND

ONE GRAND SCHEME.

Chartered by an Act of the Legislature of Mississippi, passed February 16, 1867.

Mississippi Agricultural, Educational and Manufacturing Aid Society at Vicksburg, Miss.

THE following receipt from the State Treasurer exhibits the fact that the Society has paid into the State Treasury the sum of Five Thousand Dollars for the benefit of the State University:

COPY OF RECEIPT.

No. 127—State of Mississippi Five Thousand Dollars, State Treasury, Jackson.

Received of W. D. Lyles, President, etc., per C. H. White, the sum of Five Thousand Dollars in full of Auditor's receipt warrant No. 127, dated July 16, A. D. 1867, in his favor, on account of University of Mississippi, under 4th section of an act, February 24, 1857, entitled an Act for Incorporating the Mississippi Agricultural, Educational and Manufacturing Aid Society.

Given under my hand and seal at office this 18th of July A. D. 1867. JOHN ROACH,
Seal. Treasurer.

In the Three Preliminary Distributions and Grand Scheme, there will be distributed 2,350 premiums, amounting to $253,950 in 9,000 certificates.

D. G. KENNY,
Civil Engineer and Surveyor. J. B. FORTER

PREMIUMS FROM $30 TO $30,000.

First Preliminary Distribution, Sept. 18, 1867.

1 Premium of		$3,000	$ 4,000
1 "		2,000	2,000
1 "		1,000	1,000
2 "		75	150
10 "		100	750
30 "		75	2,250
450 "		60	19,350
500 Premiums amounting to			$32,500

Second Preliminary Distribution, Oct. 16, 1867.

1 Premium of		$6,000	$ 6,000
1 "		3,000	3,000
1 "		2,000	2,000
2 "		1,000	2,000
10 "		200	1,000
30 "		100	3,000
450 "		60	27,000
500 Premiums amounting to			$44,000

Third Preliminary Distribution, Nov. 13, 1867

1 Premium of		$5,000	$ 5,000
1 "		4,000	4,000
1 "		3,000	3,000
2 "		2,000	4,000
10 "		500	5,000
30 "		200	6,000
450 "		100	45,000
500 Premiums amounting to			$72,000

GRAND SCHEME, DECEMBER 11, 1867.

1 Premium of		$20,000	$20,000
1 "		15,000	15,000
1 "		10,000	10,000
2 "		4,000	8,000
10 "		2,000	20,000
15 "		1,000	15,000
50 "		500	25,000
100 "		250	25,000
200 "		125	25,000
1,000 "		75	75,000
1,000 Premiums amounting to			$283,000

Whole Certificates, $253; First Instalment, $13.
Halves, $126; First Instalment, $6 50.
Quarters, $63; First Instalment, $3 25.

Take notice, that certificates are to be paid for in instalments of twenty-five per cent. of the whole sum for the First, Second and Third Preliminary Distributions and Grand Scheme.

The whole amount may be paid at once, if preferred. By this plan it will be seen that the services for a fraction over ten cents per day, during the month, will put chance a Quarter Certificate, and keep the same renewed throughout the whole series, if not drawn out in first, second or third preliminaries.

D. H. DAVIES & CO.,
Commission Merchs 318,
LOUISVILLE, June 22, 1867

We are sole Agents and are prepared to fill orders for the above SELF FASTENING WROUGHT IRON BUCKLE TIE, on the most favorable terms. We are having the most manufactured the most superior iron and thoroughest test ve.

D. H. DAVIES & CO.,
Commission Merchs 318,
LOUISVILLE, June 22, 1867

NEW FALL MILLINERY

MRS. M. C. KUNTER'S

SOUTHERN EMPORIUM OF FASHION

269 1-2 Main Street,

Opposite Court Square.

THE ladies will find all the latest novelties of the season, in Millinery and Fancy Goods of all kinds. Dresses Bonnets and trimmed in the latest styles and most tasteful manner. Cloaks, Sacks and Children's dresses made to order. Opera Sacks and Wrappings, ready made.

Due notice will be given of the opening day. se23

D. G. KENNY,
Civil Engineer and Surveyor. J. B. FORTER

KENNY & PORTER,

REAL ESTATE BROKERS

AND GENERAL AGENTS.

HAVING permanently established our office in No. 2, Kennedy & Williams' Block, corner of second and Madison streets, we intend doing strictly a Real Estate Brokerage in Memphis and the surrounding country, together with Surveying, Draughting and Engineering in its various branches. The drainage of swamp lands, locating and estimating of levies, etc., also the rental of or management of plantations will receive special attention. Using always our best exertion for the benefit of customers, we hope by prompt and strict attention to business to merit a liberal patronage of the public.

D. G. KENNY,
J. B. FORTER

University of Louisville

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

FACULTY.

T. S. BELL, M. D., Professor Emeritus of the Science and Practice of Medicine and Public Hygiene.
H. MILLER, M. D., Professor of the Medical and Surgical Diseases of Women.
E. POWELL, M. D., Professor of Obstetrics.
L. ROGERS, M. D., Professor of Materia Medica and Therapeutics.
G. W. RAYLESS, M. D., Professor of Surgery.
H. M. BULLITT, M. D., Professor of Physiology and General Pathology.
C. W. WRIGHT, M. D., Profes or of Chemistry.
T. PRESTONDELL, M. D., Professor of the Science and Practice of Medicine.
D. M. BODINE, M. D., Professor of Anatomy and Dean of the Faculty.
T. PATTERWHITE, M. D., Demonstrator of Anatomy.

The next regular session will commence on the SECOND MONDAY IN OCTOBER, and continue until the First of March. The dissecting rooms will be opened on the first of October, and preliminary lectures will be delivered daily at the College, with clinical instruction at the Louisville Hospital, on regular lectures begin.

FEES—Perpetuity Tickets in full $130; Demonstrator's ticket at $20; Matriculation fee $5; Graduation fee $25. For information address

J. M. BODINE, M. D.,
Dean of the Faculty.
se21w

Dissolution.

THE firm heretofore existing under style of GALLAWAY, HAMPTON & CO. has been dissolved by mutual consent. The old business will be settled up by the new firm, who assume all liabilities, and to whom all payments will be made.

C. GALLAWAY,
W. H. RHEA,
M. CLUSKEY.
M. W. CLUSKEY.

New Firm.

THE partnership heretofore existing between Gallaway, Hampton & Co. having been dissolved by the purchase of Henry Hampton's interest, the old business will in the future be published under the firm and style of GALLAWAY, RHEA & CLUSKEY. Having assumed all liabilities in the purchase of Mr. Hampton's interest, it is important that the old business be closed up, and for that purpose we will be compelled to enforce settlements.

M. C. GALLAWAY,
W. H. RHEA,
M. W. CLUSKEY.

LIQUORS, ETC.

N. S. GREEN. DAN ABLE

N. S. GREEN & CO.,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

Bourbon, Rye and Rectified Whisky

ALCOHOL, PROOF SPIRITS,

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC LIQUORS

(For Sale to the Trade Only.)

No. 252 Front Street, Memphis, Tenn.

Agents for HATCH, MAURICE & CO., St. Louis Mo. se17

JO. BANFILL. W. E. MATHEs

JO. BANFILL & CO.,

Rectifiers & Wholesale Dealers

IN

BRANDIES, WHISKY & WINES

No. 3 Bradley Block, Memphis, Tenn.

THE proprietors of this immense establishment inform their friends and the public that they are fully prepared for the fall trade in the finest brands of

Liquors, Foreign and Domestic,

Which they are offering at St. Louis and Cincinnati Prices.

Whisky! Whisky!

Magnolia,
Crown Anchor,
Emerald Isle,
Three Star,
Robison County,
Domestic Bourbon,
Sportsman's Favorite.

We also call the attention of dealers to our well assorted stock of Rhine, Wines and Bourbon Whiskies, which have been selected with great care, for the fall trade.

We are the sole Manufacturers of the celebrated

IMPERIAL BITTERS,

Which we are prepared to furnish to the Trade in any quantity.

JO. BANFILL & CO.,
No. 3 Bradley Block, Memphis, Tenn.
se2

HENRY NATHAN,

Importer and Wholesale Dealer in

WINES, LIQUORS, CIGARS, ETC.

No. 23 Jefferson Street,

One Door above Main. MEMPHIS, TENN.

MEGIBBEN & BROTHER,

WHOLESALE

LIQUOR DEALERS,

281 Main St., Memphis, Tenn

IF YOU WISH TO PUSH DISEASE FROM THE SYSTEM and leave natural conditions, you must use Blood Food Mineral Water,

STILLMAN'S RESTORATIVE.

THE great need of Every Man, Woman and Child:

STILLMAN'S RESTORATIVE.

A PERFECT Combination of Iron with Blood Salts

STILLMAN'S RESTORATIVE.

KEEP a little with you all the time FOR EMERGENCIES.

STILLMAN'S RESTORATIVE.

Try it at the fountains,
Try it at your home;
Come back from Northern mountains,
And leave the drugs alone.
Come to your land of beauty,
Drink the wine of life prepared,
And you will always be on duty
With a thousand blessings shared.
Try what? STILLMAN'S RESTORATIVE.
oct15

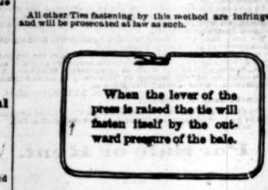
SELF FASTENING

WROUGHT IRON BUCKLE TIE

FOR COTTON BALES.

CHARLES G. JOHNSEN, Sole Proprietor,
No. 14 Union Street, New Orleans.

All other Ties fastening by this method are Infringements and will be prosecuted at law as such.



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Dissolution.

THE firm heretofore existing under style of GALLAWAY, HAMPTON & CO. has been dissolved by mutual consent. The old business will be settled up by the new firm, who assume all liabilities, and to whom all payments will be made.

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THE partnership heretofore existing between Gallaway, Hampton & Co. having been dissolved by the purchase of Henry Hampton's interest, the old business will in the future be published under the firm and style of GALLAWAY, RHEA & CLUSKEY. Having assumed all liabilities in the purchase of Mr. Hampton's interest, it is important that the old business be closed up, and for that purpose we will be compelled to enforce settlements.

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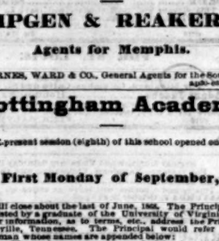

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S. C. TOOF, Prop'r.

SPECIAL attention will be given to Business Cards, Circulars, Bill Heads, Letter Heads, Envelopes, Tags, Receipts, Checks, Dray Tickets, Bills of Lading, Account Sales, and all kinds of Mercantile Printing. se12

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I HAVE tested these Drops in my own practice over ten years, and do not hesitate to say, that nothing has ever been discovered in medical research that can so speedily, positively and harmlessly, in cases of female irregularity, as does this medicine. In all recent cases it never fails, while thousands now have been long sufferers, are indebted to it for the boon of health to-day.

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Nottingham Academy

THE present session (eighth) of this school opened on the

First Monday of September,

and will close about the last of June, 1868. The Principal will be assisted by graduates of the University of Virginia. For further information, as to terms, etc., address the Principal, Somerville, Tennessee.

The Principal would refer to the following gentlemen as to whom he has appended their names:

N. B.—Those whose names are marked by the asterisk, are, or have been, patrons of the school.

D. M. QUARLES,
Principal.

*Mr. R. M. Anderson, Memphis; *Mr. L. Peterson, Columbia, Tennessee; Mr. J. T. Bradley, Fayette county; Mr. Thomas Mosby, Fayette county; *Colonel Sam Tate, Memphis; *Mr. W. P. Prosser, Memphis; *Mr. Thos. H. Allen, Memphis; Mr. Jas. Spence, Columbia, Tennessee; *Mr. H. Lusco, Memphis; Mr. L. H. Sanders, Memphis; Mr. Jas. Montgomery, *Mr. J. Pickens, Memphis; Mr. C. Petties, Macon, Tennessee; *Hon. J. T. Jones, Helena, Arkansas; Mr. Thomas Hamilton, Memphis; *Colonel A. J. Hodges, Memphis; *Mr. S.